Rs. 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. VI. NO. 159 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1918. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf, and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to:

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet—167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage 462,000

The following regular services are maintained:—

(1) From Bombay to Japan Ports via Singapore and Hongkong.
(2) From Bombay to Marseilles via Djibouti and Port Said.
(3) From Bombay to Italian Ports via Port Said.

Freight and particulars of sailings can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

DROPS OF INK!
MAKE MILLIONS THINK!!
and to write with a bad Ink
IS A BLUNDER.
"Inkotine" marks the highest perfection in Ink making.
Try and reap its benefit.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY No. 4.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,850,000

Head Office:
20, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumu
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 23,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen, Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,90,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs.	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	12,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE.

Byculla, Mandvi, and Sandhurst Road Sub-Branches.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.

Apollo Street, Fort.

BRANCH.

Kalbadevi Road, Opposite Narnarain's Temple, Zaver Baug.

	Rs.
Authorised Capital	10,00,000
One lakh shares of Rs. 10 each.	
Paidup Capital	4,71,900
Unpaid Capital	5,28,100
Capital Reserve Fund	76,420

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed on deposits fixed for one year at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

Cheques, Hundies, Bills, Dividend Warrants, &c., collected free of charge for Account Holders.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.

By order of the Board,

JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

COME TO THE WAR LOAN BUREAU
ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY
Where you can buy
WAR BONDS
AND CASH CERTIFICATES
at any hour from 10-30 a.m. to 3-30 p.m. & 4-30 to 5.30 p.m.
AND INSPECT
THE EXHIBITION OF
WAR LOAN POSTERS.
Open from 10-30 a.m. till 7 p.m.

INSURANCE

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.
(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.
(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.
(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.

For further information, Prospectus, etc., please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS,
Bombay and Deccan,
42, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA.

THE ONLY INDIAN COMPANY which has been able to declare reversionary Bonus to its Policy-holders at the rate of Rs. 12-8-0 per thousand per annum on the first stringent Actuarial Valuation—

THIS IS UNIQUE & UNPRECEDENTED.

Before insuring elsewhere compare its rates, privileges and advantages. Apply for particulars to,

Indian Products Supplying Agency Ltd.,
(For Bombay)
53, Medows St. Fort, Bombay.

K. G. TOKEKAR, Esq.,
(For Deccan),
Poona.

Messrs. DESHPANDE & SON,
(For Berar)
Akot.

J. C. PATEL, Esq.,
(For Gujarat)
Petlad

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Funds exceed	Rs.	1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceeds ..	Rs.	36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds..	Rs.	25,00 000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted

Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

INSURANCE.

THE BHARAT INSURANCE Co LTD

ESTABLISHED 189[illegible]

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi, Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Calcutta, Poona, Bangalore, Mangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta, Dacca, Bombay.

Funds exceed	Rs. 26,00,000
Surplus about	Rs. 1,00,000
Claims paid about	Rs. 19,00,000

Specialties: Moderate premia, ready convertability, prompt payment, Female lives insured, etc.

Pushing agents wanted all over India.

K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd.,
(Bharat Buildings),
Lahore.

Poona Chief Agents:—
Messrs. B. N. SATHE & BROTHERS,
224, Budhwar Peth,
Poona City.

WE GUARANTEE OUR GRAND RANGES OF
SILK AND EMBROIDERY
OUR SILK AND EMBROIDERY ARE USED ALL OVER INDIA
BY
(1) *Rajahs and Maharajas*
(2) *Ranis and Maharanis*
(3) *High Class Ladies and Gentlemen*
We are "cheap." Why? No middleman's profit,
AHMED E. ESAALI Empire Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT OF COLLECTING TOLL AT THE SION AND MAHIM CAUSEWAYS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co will, under instruction from the Municipal Commissioner for the City for Bombay, sell by Public Auction, the above right, at 3 p.m. (B.T.), THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th July 1918, at the Office of the Assessor and Collector, on the ground floor of the Municipal Buildings:—

Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained at the Office of the Municipal Commissioner or from the Undersigned.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 6th inst., at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

The property of a gentleman consisting of arm and without arm chairs, cabinets, curzon chairs, writing tables, revolving chairs, typewriters, dressing tables, single and double door almyrahs, teakwood single bedsteads, baba cradle, bentwood chairs, large copying press with stand, large Milner's safe with stand, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 Second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 Second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 Second-hand rubber tyred victoria.
1 grey horse, 5 years goes well, in harness.

By order of Mr. E. J. De Souza: One Shigram

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, CONSISTING OF A NEWLY BUILT HOUSE AT JACKERIA MUSJID ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Khanderao Laud and Mehta Attorneys, for the Owner, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 6th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the tenement and dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Jackeria Musjid Road, outside the Fort in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 822 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B. Ward No. 2685, and Street, Nos. 519-523, and containing by admeasurement 187, spuare yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—That is on or towards the East by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the Jackeria Musjid Road, on or towards the North by the property belonging to the Dontad Road Mosque and on or towards the South by the house of Ahmed Sulleman.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Khanderao Laud and Mehta, at their Office, at 29, Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned. Private offers for the purchase of the said property may also be made in writing to the Undersigned or to Messrs. Khanderao Laud and Mehta up to the date previous to the Sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BLUE BLACK AND RED AND VIOLET ACADEMY WRITING INK AND MAGIC INKSTANDS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 6th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by orders of Messrs. K. G. Faith & Co., and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Abdul Hoosein Mahomedally Boti:—

No 331/40 equal to 10 cases assorted blue-black red and violet academy writing ink.
(1) 3 cases each 12 gross magic inkstands.
(2-3) 12 cases each 10 gross magic inkstands.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale

On WEDNESDAY, the 10th July, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "West Ville," Middle Road, Cuffe Parade Colaba; very valuable and handsome, teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, large and small dining tables, arm and without arm chairs, sideboards, dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas and chairs, rich cabinets, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures, glass door book cases, large and small writing tables, mahogany stands fancy teapoys, one sweet-toned English iron frame cottage piano by Rose & Co with pianola and 29 records, old chinaware, one English clock by Mitchell and Sons striking hours and half hours mirror door almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing and washhand tables, single and double bedsteads, rich beaded door and window chicks, meatsafes, cane furniture, rich carpets, china pots, etc. etc., the property of the late Mr. J. De Britto and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF ENGLISH PIECE-GOODS.

On FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Wet-shed Carnac Bunder, on account of the underwriters:—

A large lot of English piece-goods such as white tanjib mulmul, black craypons, red twills, colour prints, cresha faize and chocolate etc., etc.

The above goods were taken alongside the

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & Co.—(Continued.)

S. S. "Helcomba" to be transhipped for Persia and Persian Gulf but owing to the storm on the 12th March last; the boat in which the above goods were loaded sank in the harbour.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT HOOZRIA STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Dinshaw and Co., attorneys for Messrs. Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Doda the mortgagee Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on SATURDAY the 20th instant, sell by Public Auction, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises, on account and risk of the mortgagors Mahomed Sulleman Bin Gorlam Mohidin Oondray and Fakir Mahomed Bin Yar Mahomed as per power reserved under the mortgage deed dated the 28th day of February 1912, the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of Government ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Hoozria Street and fronting on the Western side of the Hoozria Street in the Registration district and subdistrict of Bombay containing by admeasurement sixty-six and six-ninths square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1327 Collector's New No 8489, Old Survey No. 2441 and New Survey No. 2907 and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward E Ward No. 239 and Street Nos. 58—60 and bounded on or towards the East by the said Hoozria Street on or towards the West by sweepers passage on or towards the North by the House of Goolam Saheb Shahagker and on or towards the South by the house of Shaikh Mahomed Yusuf.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee or to the undersigned.

BENNETT, & CO.,
Bombay, 5th July, 1918.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT CHAKLA STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ruttonsee Dossa and Gulammahomed Karimally Boga the duly constituted attorneys of Mahomedbhoy Dossa, the executor of the will of Virbai, wife of Mahomedbhoy Dossa, deceased the mortgagee and at the risk of Amibai, widow of Rahimtulla Hajee Essa, Tyub Rahimtulla and Mahomed Rahimtulla, the mortgagors, in exercise of the power of sale reserved in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 25th day of April, 1912, and made between the said mortgagors of the one part and Faredun Kershap Dadachanji of the other part which was transferred to the said mortgagee by a transfer of mortgage dated the 1st day of September 1914.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement, or dwelling house, standing thereon situate lying and being at Chakla Street in the Registration Subdistrict of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, admeasuring 84 sq. yds. or thereabouts, being portion of a large plot of land and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 638 new No. 6311 survey No. 1020 New Survey No. 2193 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "B" Ward No. 467 (1) and Street No. 182 and bounded on the East by the said Chakla Street on the west by Bibi Jan Street, on the north by the property of Aboo Bakar Noormahomed and on the south by the property of Parmanandas Jivandas.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, attorneys for the mortgagee at their office at No. 9 Bell Lane Fort or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 5th July, 1918.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE OF 502 BAGS JAVA SUGAR.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will TO-DAY FRIDAY the 5th July 1918 at p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at Sale Room, the following:—

By order of A. Meyer Esq., and at the risk of the Def Messrs. MATHURADAS

Ex. S. S
M O M B K—251 B
Ex. S
R. T. M. B.
F.W.W.M.B.K
A deposit of
at the time
chaser and
delivery
day

RATES ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Wanted," "To be Let," "For Sale" and other sundry Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be strictly prepaid:

Advertisements not exceeding 20 words Rs. 1 per insertion; every additional word half anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Rs. 6 per inch, Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Rs. 1-8 per inch. No display allowed.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,

"Bombay Chronicle" Office,

No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION.

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	.. Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly	.. „ 16-0	„ 18-0
Quarterly	.. „ 8-0	„ 9-0
Monthly	.. „ 3-0	„ 3-8
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	..Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WANTED Sufferers to use our harmless Sanyas's Oil externally for nervous debility. Non-irritant. A Phial, Rs. 2. Dr. RUPCHAND, B.M., Shikarpur, Sind. 285

SITUATION VACANT.

WANTED—A qualified LADY DOCTOR for Islami Zanana Dispensary, Dhoraji, Kathiawar. Applicate with certificate at Dispensary address.

LINO OPERATORS—Wanted good quick LINOTYPE OPERATORS. Only fully qualified and competent men need apply. Piece-work system. Apply Box 1600A, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—Two Hindu hard-working CLERKS, Matriculates. Good handwriting essential. Only competent men need apply to TRIPATHI & Co., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 542

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Smart TYPIST, Hindu, with a knowledge of accounts, preferred. Good remunerations to a really capable man. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 490, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle". 526

WANTED—A B. Sc. or a B.A. with Physics and Chemistry. Pay according to qualifications. Apply immediately to the HEAD MASTER, Edward Memorial High School, Borsad. 478

WANTED—A TYPIST quick and smart by a big firm. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 476, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 486

WANTED—A competent CORRESPONDENCE CLERK in an Exchange Bank. Experienced. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 481, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 492

WANTED—A competent TYPIST and GENERAL CLERK for a first class Hotel in Bombay. Apply stating terms with copy of testimonials to Box No. 500, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 552

WANTED—An experienced FIRE INSURANCE MANAGER for a local firm. Apply with copies of testimonials and terms to Box No. 502, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 560

WANTED—One competent MEHTA for Gujrathi accounts, pay Rs. 35 to 40 according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 507, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 569

WANTED—A LADY COMPANION of cheerful disposition and pleasing personality to entertain a European invalid gentleman, two hours every evening. Apply Box No. 498, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 550

WANTED—A qualified DOCTOR for Mangrol (Kathiawad) Vanik Dispensary. Salary according to qualifications. Apply to SECRETARY, Vanravandas Dayal, Bazar Gate, Fort. 561

WANTED—By a European firm, expert SHORT-HAND TYPIST. Must be quick and accurate. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 506, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 568

WANTED—FIRST CLASS MECHANICAL ENGINEER for Punjab, who can work on 200 I.H.P. Corlis Valve Engine and holds Government Certificate. Post permanent. Apply with testimonials stating minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 494, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 545

WANTED—One hundred Clerks, Storekeepers, Hospital writers, Agents, Subordinate Surgeons, Compounders and Account Clerks. The latter must have good speed in writing. Salaries according to qualifications. Apply sharp to Messrs. G. MAYADASS Street, Bombay. 558

...SIONED BAND MAS...L-performing the duties ...of Havildar plus ...ers clothing and ...n. If capable of ...e duties of Mess ...Apply with ...not be re... DEPOT ...Bel... 543

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—THIRD ENGINEER. Apply personally on Board the H. T. "ISLE OF MULL", No. 9, Victoria Dock. 564

WANTED by a firm of Solicitors, SHORT-HAND TYPISTS and MANAGING CLERKS. Apply sharp to Box No. 499, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 551

WANTED—A FAILED GRADUATE on Rs. 45 per month, strong in Mathematics or Literature, should apply to VICE-PRESIDENT, Edward Memorial High School, Kaira. 565

WANTED.

WANTED—RAILS and ACCESSORIES. Apply sharp with details to Box No. 497, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 547

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—One or two airy ROOMS by a Hindu gentleman in the vicinity of Chaupati. Apply stating rent to Box No. 501, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 554

WANTED—One new or Second-hand CRUDE OIL ENGINE, 40 to 50 B.H.P. Ruston Proctor or any good make. Apply Price required to A. S. K. IYENGAR, Superintendent of Gardens, Junagadh. 571

WANTED—The public to know that AIDS TO NEWSPAPER READING by N. N. Mazumdar (4th Edition, revised and up-to-date) is, as the *Indian Daily News* says, "An *excellent* hand-book (dictionary) for the average newspaper reader." "Newspaper readers would not light upon a better help," says the *Indian Mirror*. Price Re 1-6. Apply to AUTHOR at 18A, Amherst Row, Calcutta.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FORD LANDAULETTE MOTOR CAR, in good condition, now in use. Apply ISMAIL MAHOMEDALLY, Petit Building, opp. Bombay Bank. 531

FOR SALE—A complete ICE PLANT of making 5 ton ice daily, costing Rs. 1,35,000 now for Rs. 85,000 Ether system. Apply particulars, PROPRIETOR, RAMA ICE FACTORY, Delhi. 544

FOR SALE—New 40 B.H.P. CRUDE OIL ENGINE by R. Hornsby & Sons with two Flywheels, driving pulley, Self Starter, three Water Tanks with all Piping and foundation bolts. Price Rs. 15,000. JOHN E. MINNITT, LTD., Apollo Street, Bombay. 549

BUILDINGS.—Land and buildings FOR SALE to suit your requirements are offered by MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 2

FOR SALE—About 100 GALVANIZED IRON SHEETS, size 4ft. by 3ft. 2in. thick 1/6" weighing each sheet about 1 Md. 7 Srs., good for ship making, what offer. Apply PROPRIETOR, RAMA ICE FACTORY, Delhi. 544

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC that the undersigned has withdrawn the Power of Attorney heretofore given by him to B. Manohar Lal Bhargava, B.A., F.T.S., and that the said B. Manohar Lal is not empowered to make any engagements on behalf of the undersigned.

BISHAN NARAIN BHARGAVA,
Proprietor, Newal Kishore Press,
Ice Factories at Lucknow.

479

SOAP

WILLIAM GOSSAGE & SONS, LIMITED.

APOLOGY.

To

Messrs. WILLIAM GOSSAGE & SONS., LIMITED.

Widnes,

Lancashire.

Sirs,

WITH reference to the letter of the 10th ultimo addressed to me on your behalf by your Solicitors, Messrs. Little & Co., on the subject of the manufacture and sale by me of brown bar soap under the name of "The Watch Household Soap" bearing a mark of a watch repeated three times upon each bar above the words "Trade Mark", I admit that the above mark and the general get up of the soap so manufactured and sold by me is a direct imitation of your well known "Housewife's Friend" or "Wheel brand" soap, and I hereby tender to you my unqualified apology for having manufactured and sold soap bearing a mark and got up in imitation of your said mark and get up.

I now undertake to remove the mark and get up complained of by you from all the soap in my possession or under my control, and to the best of my ability to get back all soap bearing the said mark and get up from the dealers or persons to whom I have disposed of the same, and to remove the said mark and get up therefrom.

I further tender to you my unqualified apology for having used your cases for packing my soap, and I undertake to hand over to you forthwith for destruction all cases or boxes in my possession on which your name appears.

I further undertake that I will not in future manufacture or sell any soap bearing the mark and get up complained of by you, or any other mark or get up forming a colourable imitation of or capable of being mistaken for your well known "Housewife's Friend" or "Wheel brand" soap or any other mark or get up employed by you.

You are at full liberty to publish this letter of apology and undertaking in the public press or to make any other use of it you may think fit, and I trust that in view of this letter you will cancel your instructions to your Solicitors to institute proceedings against me.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1918.

I am, Sirs,
Yours faithfully,

(Sd.) MEMON EBRAHIM MOOSA.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

ORDER

Under Rule 11 A(1) of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915.

WHEREAS the Governor-General-in-Council is of opinion that square nosed shovels 13in. x 10½in. with or without handles can be utilised in connection with the prosecution of the present war.

Now therefore, I being an Officer of Government duly authorised by the Governor-General-in-Council in this behalf do by virtue and in exercise of the power conferred on me by sub-rule (1), of Rule 11 A of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, HEREBY REQUIRE all persons who in the course of business, whether on their own behalf or on behalf of others, hold or have control over any such square nosed shovels 13in. x 10½in. to give to me by letter at my office at Victoria Terminus within four days from the date hereof, the following particulars in connection with such square nosed shovels 13in. x 10½in. viz:—

(a) The number of shovels.
(b) Whether fitted with handles or not.
(c) The place or places at which held.
(d) The price (if known) at which the owner or person entitled to sell the square nosed shovels 13in. x 10½in. with handles, is willing to sell the same by private agreement.

And I hereby further require every such person to refrain from disposing of any part of his stock of such square nosed shovels 13in. x 10½in. until such particulars have been so given and for a further period of fourteen days thereafter.

H. A. L. HEPPER,
Controller of Munitions,
Bombay Circle.

Victoria Terminus,
Bombay, 4th July, 1918.

572

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank on THURSDAY, the 8th proximo at 4 p.m. for the following objects:

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts up to 30th ultimo.
2. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy and Mr. Meyer Nissim who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board,
R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

574

Bombay, 4th July, 1918.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 30th June last at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum, a bonus of 2 per cent. per annum and a special Jubilee bonus of 1 per cent. per annum, all free from Income Tax will be payable on application on and after FRIDAY, the 12th instant to registered shareholders on 30th June, 1918.

By order of the Board,
R. AITKEN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay. 4th July, 1918. 575

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI JAN MAHOMED HAJI ALLARAKHIA, the Receiver in Suit No. 958 of 1915 has contracted and agreed to sell to our clients HAJI JAN MAHOMED HAJI ALLARAKHIA and ABDULLA HAJI ALLARAKHIA, administrators of the estate of the late Moledina Haji Allarakhia, the property described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim and demand into upon or against the said properties or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, trust, lease, gift, inheritance, succession, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 13, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, and also to the Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, and to the Collector of Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase shall be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY (A)—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuages, tenements and buildings, standing thereon situate, lying and being at Tank Bunder, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 479.85 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 101, New No. 16335, Old Survey No. 1/693 and New Survey No. 4/3712 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the West by Gorupdeo Road, on or towards the North by the property secondly hereinafter described and on or towards the South by the Tank Bunder Road.

SECONDLY (B)—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land with the messuages, tenements and buildings standing thereon situate, near Tank Bunder and on the East of Gorupdeo Road, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1392.5 square yards or thereabouts (being a portion of a larger piece of land admeasuring two thousand seven hundred and ninety square yards and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 59, New No. B/16296, Old Survey No. 1/693 and New Survey No. 3B/3712 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Dawood Mahomed, on or towards the West by the property firstly above described partly by the property of Noor Mahomed Jan Mahomed and partly by Gorupdeo Road, on or towards the North by the property of Noormahomed Jan Mahomed and on or towards the South by the Tank Bunder Road and the said premises with the premises firstly above described are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under E Ward Nos. 7722(1), 7722(1a), 7722(1b), 7722(2), 7723(1). 7723(2), Street Nos. 2, 2A, 2B, 2ab, 4, 4a.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1918.

MANCHERSHAH & NARMADASHANKER,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. ZUZEEA ENAS GHARRY and ELIAS ENAS GHARRY, of Bandra, Pakhadi, Santa Cruz, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claims against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 40, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Santa Cruz, Mouze Danda, in Registration District Thana, Sub-District Bandra, bearing Survey No. 48, Pot Nos. 2, 3 and part of 4, and Survey No. 47, Pot Nos. 1 to 9, 12 and 13, and containing by admeasurement 4,000 square yards or thereabouts (in Santa Cruz Development Scheme No. 1) and bounded as follows:—i.e. on or towards the North by the pieces or parcels of lands of the vendor sold to G. R. Chaubal, on or towards the South by the land of the vendors and on or towards the East and West respectively by the No. 1 Development Scheme Cross Roads running north and south.

Dated this 4th day of July, 1918.

RAGHAVAYYA NAGINDAS & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

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SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

SALE TO-DAY AT 3 P.M. (B. T.).
A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MOTORISTS AND DEALERS IN COLOURS AND FURNITURE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th July, 1918, at 3 p.m. (B. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, by order of Sheth Tahilram Girdharidas, the Mortgagee, at his godown at the end of Bhatwadi Lane, Girgaon, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor, Mr. L. Roy Sampat:—

Johnson's Wooddye colours, flat colour, varnishes, oakwood colours, clean floor, wood dye in bottles, prepared wax, etc.

The above will be on view from Wednesday.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, TYPEWRITING MACHINE, ETC.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, teak and blackwood household and office furniture, such as rich silk tapestry lined suites of sofas and chairs, glass and panel door cupboard, cashier's table, safe, leather lined and reclining sofas, glass door book cases, dumbwaiters, iron and wooden cots, dirty cloth basket, hat stand, dinner wagon, tiled and plain teapoys, crockeryware, carpets, galichas, steel trunks, phonograph, records, etc.

By order of an office concerned:—

1 Yost Typewriting Machine, Visibie No. 15 A.

1 Office writing table, 6 teak and blackwood cane arm chairs, typewriting table.

SALE TO-DAY AT 1 P.M. (S. T.).
AUCTION SALE OF 232 BAGS WHITE JAVA SUGAR.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th July, 1918, at 1 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. Ellias Haji Oomar and Co. at their shop in Khand Bazar and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, Shah Uttamchand Khemchand:—

232 bags White Java Sugar, ex. S. S. Riouw, Marks W.S., Made in Java, Volkart, Bombay.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th July, 1918.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 50 TONS BENGAL AND 10 TONS MINIA COAL.

THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 5th day of July, 1918, at 4-0 p. m., (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Chinchpoogly near the Fire Brigade Station by order of Mr. Allarakhia Canji.

About 50 tons Bengal Coal.
About 10 tons Minia Coal.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th July, 1918.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.
LAMINGTON ROAD

To-night!

MOLLIE KING
AND
CREIGHTON HALE
IN THE
"SEVEN PEARLS"
The Serial Superb.

PATHE'S GAZETTE.

PATHE'S HISTORY OF THE GREAT WAR
Chapter 19th.
What Russia did early in the begining of War. The rout of the Austrian Army, etc.

TWO JEALOUS MEN
Comic.

"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW."
TIME: 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p.m. daily.
Matinee every Saturday and Sunday 5 p.m,
Special show every Sunday 3-30 p.m.
POPULAR PRICES.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

HUGE OPENING SUCCESS
of the
HOWITT—PHILLIPS Co.
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30.
SATURDAY MATINEE at 5
The great American "Crook" play
"WITHIN THE LAW"

TO-MORROW AND MONDAY
For the First Time in Bombay
Bernard Shaw's Brilliant Comedy
"FANNY'S FIRST PLAY"
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
The late Sir George Alexander's great costume play
"THE ARISTOCRAT"

BOOK NOW AT ROSE & Co's
Night Prices:—Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle Rs. 3
Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1,
Boxes from Rs. 15 and upwards.
MATINEE PRICES: Stalls Rs.3, D. Circle and Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1,
Boxes from Rs. 10 and upwards.
Tram Cars will be available at Girgaum Terminus after the close of the performance.

TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 ONLY
MR. E. H. DUCASSE presents
the 4-Act ButcherAll-British film
"FLAMES"
adapted from the wonderful novel by
ROBERT HICHENS
A picture out-of-the-ordinary, dealing with occultism and full of tense situations featuring the London Stars
OWEN NARES & MARGARET BANNERMAN.

Popular Prices:	Stalls	Box Seats Rs.2
	Rupee one	Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5
	Dress Circle As. 8	Gallery As. 2.
	Balcony A. 4.	

THE EXCELSIOR

To-day at 6-30 p.m.
THE
"LIGHT OF THE HEART"
Comedy Drama

"HIS CONQUERED SELF"

PATHE'S GAZETTE

"CAUGHT IN A JAM"
A Star-light Comedy

A PROGRAMME OF BRAND NEW *FILMS*

NEW ALEXANDRA

NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
To night
An Engrossing Drama of Breathless Excitement
BRANDED FOR LIFE
or
RAPHAEL THE GIPSY
featuring
EMILIE SANNOM ("Ponopta")
Pictorial News (War Office Official).
Beds, Baths and Bedlam.
Two-Reel Gaumont Comic.
3 HOWS NIGHTLY at 7, 8-45 & 10-30.

THE LAST CHANCE
to-day to see the two thrilling and romantic Episodes (Nos. 10 and 11) of the great and powerful Super-Serial of the age.

"THE FIGHTING TRAIL"

The chivalrous Gwynn and his heroic sweetheart Nan are seen in their best in this—fifth week's exciting new Episodes.

Also the Universal Screen Magazine, some interesting cartoons, and a screaming comedy in the programme.

3 Shows daily; 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

CINEMA
PRECIOUS
(Grant Road Tram Terminus)

AMUSEMENTS.

At 6-30 ***TO-NIGHT*** At 10
PALACE
OF VARIETIES
GAIETY THEATRE
THE GAIETY REVUE & COMEDY CO.
presents
A BRILLIANT REVUELET
GO AS YOU PLEASE
In one Act of
POPULAR SONGS,
DUETS AND DANCES
Preceded by
VARIETIES
OF
MISS EILEEN GRACE
MISS NORA MOORE
MISS F. WILFRED
MISS VIOLET MAY
Mr. FRED SHIRLEY
C. MORRIS
In a Budget of
LATEST SONGS AND DANCES.

THE EXCELSIOR

THE BANDMAN OPERA Co.
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30
To-night Friday 5th July
A New Musical Play in Three Acts.
"THE MAID OF THE MOUNTAINS."
Saturday 6th July
The Ever-popular Musical Play.
"THE MERRY WIDOW"
Sunday 7th July
HALF PRICE MATINEE at 5-30 p. m.
A New Musical Play from the Gaiety Theatre, London.
"THEODORE & CO."
Plans open at **Rose & Co.** from 10 a. m. to 6 p.m.
After 7 p.m. at the Theatre.
NOTICE:—Seats not paid for cannot be held later than the evening of the day preceding the date of performance. Tickets once issued cannot be exchanged or cash refunded.

THE EMPIRE

Daily at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
WHY THE COURT OF RUSSIA CRASHED.
THE
"DANCER'S PERIL"
SEE THE RUSSIAN IMPERIAL BALLET HEADED BY ALEXIS KOSLOFF
in the dances they performed at the Russian Court, including the famous "Scheherazade"
THE
"DANCER'S PERIL"
No other Photo-Play ever contains such Realistic Glimpses of the Art of the Ensemble Dance.
"THE HORSE"
Scientific Exposition of the favourite Animal

SAVE YOUR BUILDINGS
FURNITURES & VALUABLE PROPERTIES BY USING
ANTI-MOTH SOLUTION
This is a very important scientific discovery by a well-known scientist. It is wood preserve. Only one trial will give you complete satisfaction. Money returned if not genuine.
KAPADIA BROTHERS
CONTRACT WORKS UNDERTAKEN AT A VERY LOW RATE.
Dealers in Paints, Varnishes, Cements etc.,
No. 357, Abdulrehman Street,
BOMBAY.
U Phone No. 10.

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SUPERIOR WRIST WATCHES.

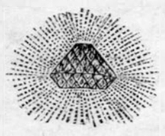
Durable, strong, fashionable, nice-looking and very cheap reliable time-keepers to suit all wrists. Guaranteed for 10 years.

NICKEL CASE Rs. 15, 20, 22, 25, 30
NICKEL CASE RADIUM DIAL
Rs. 18, 24, 27, 30, 33.
SILVER, Rs. 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 35.
SILVER RADIUM DIAL,
Rs. 21, 24, 27, 30, 33, 35, 40.

Fine English Leather given free with every watch.
Thousands have been sold up to this time.
Apply to the Manager,
THE IQBAL WATCH Co.
Brandrath Road, LAHORE.

SAFETY RAZOR BLADES RESHARPENED Gillette, Clemak, Auto &c. any sort keen as new Re. 1-2 doz. Under six As. 2 each. Thick (Hollow Ground) Blades As. 4 each. Razors As. 8 each. All Post Free. Electroplating and Surgical Instruments repairs done. MATHEWS & Co., 86, Medows St., Op. Taraporewala, Bombay.

IN BOMBAY and its suburbs
OUR MANUFACTURED
Cossi Silk Suit Pieces
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON
are much liked for their durability, softness and excellent texture. Each piece is worth the price and is guaranteed for
ONE SUIT COMPLETE.
Price, **Rs. 8** per piece.
Order a piece To-day and mark what you save in the long run. Hundreds have already tried. WHY NOT YOU?
Order from—
GOOD LUCK COMPANY
BENARES CITY (India.)



CEYLON DIAMONDS
AND OTHER
GENUINE CEYLON PRECIOUS STONES.

Agents wanted. 30 days credit. Liberal discount. List Free. Agent's Variety sample packet of 100 carats Rs. 170. 2 Carats C. Diamond or Ruby for Ring Rs. 30. Ruby garnet, Star stone or Ceylon Emerald Rs. 12-8. 14 Ceylon Diamonds or Rubies of ¼ carat each for a pair of Kammal Rs. 48. Cash with order. If V.P.P. 10% value of the order should come in advance.

J. WIKRAMANAYAKA & Co.,
Kalutara, CEYLON.
Get our agency & make big money in spare time

EMPIRE TRADING CO.
in Parsi Bazar Street, near Graham & Co., has just unpacked splendid stock of
Leather Suit Cases, attache bags pocket valets, money purses, etc., of the **highets quality** at very **moderate prices.**
INSPECTION INVITED.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro-Tonic Pearls.
These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of overwork and dissipation. In cases of premature old age and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous sure.
Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.
SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.
Market, BOMBAY

For the Permanent Disability Protection
APPLY
The Great Eastern Life
12-14, Church Gate Srteet, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, July 1st.

			Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		.. ..	2,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		.. ..	600
" " Sales of East Indian		.. ..	4 000
" " Imports		.. ..	22.54
Mid. Americans spot trading value		.. ..	28.82
Egyptian F.G.F. spot		.. ..	27.75
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	July		24.98
	Oct.	..	24.46
	Jan.		27.80
New Orleans 11 a.m.	July		24.08
	Oct.		

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, July 1st.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
July	22.46
Aug.	21.35
Sept.	20.33
Oct.	19.69
Nov.	19.31

Old Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price
July	21.39

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 1st.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
July	22.42
Aug.	21.29
Sept.	20.23
Oct.	19.63
Nov.	19.23

Old Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
July	21.29

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, July 1st.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
July.	28.20

INDIAN ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, July 1st.

Bengal Oomra and Broach 5 to 11 lower.

MONEY MARKET.

London, July 1st.

To-day being a semiholiday the Banks are close. The Markets are quiet.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

July 4.

This morning the nominal quotation for Fine Broach July was Rs. 717. The Marwadi bazaar opened easier at Rs. 711½ on rumours of a decline of over 100 points in New York; and the rate dropped to Rs. 710, but improved to Rs. 712, and later on to Rs. 714. Fluctuations between Rs. 713 and Rs. 711 occurred, and the rate then declined to Rs. 709. At Colaba the bazaar opened at Rs. 704, and closed, after fluctuations, as under.

Ready cotton continues and the demand has run chiefly on stapled kinds.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Fine Broach	July	..	Rs. 711
Good Sawginned Dharwar	July	..	" 725
" M. G Coompta..	..	..	" 762
" " Westerns	..	..	" 730

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION

QUOTATIONS 4TH JULY 1918.

Growths.	Super fine.	Fine	F.G	Gd.	Delivery:
M.G. Bengals ..		590	555	516	Ready.
M.G, Sind Punjab ..		585	550		"
M.G. Muthia ..		600	585		"
Sawginned Dharwar				726	"
M.G. Westerns ..				740	"
M.G. Coompta ..				770	"
M.G. Bagalkot ..				747	"
M.G. Kadi Viramgam			743		"
M.G. Anjar ..			758		"
M.G. Mundra ..					"
M.G. Limbdi Wadhwan ..			770		"
Laktar Ginned ..			736		"
M.G, Athni Miraj..			739	706	"
M.G. Broach ..		720	710	700	"

Unchanged from 3rd instant.

*RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m., on 3rd July 1918.

Cotton	13,698 bales
Wheat	21,045 cwts
Linseed	10,909 "
Rape, &c	1,162 "
Gingelly seed	Nil.
Poppyseed	1,210 "
Groundnuts	534 "
Castorseed	506 "
Rice	35,589 "
Myrabollams	977 "
Cottonseed	1,120 "
Mowrasced	Nil
Gram	3,579 "
Jowar	550 "
Maize	Nil.
Barley	2,294 "

Purchase a WATERPROOF OVERCOAT from us at Rs. 7 each
Instead of spending Rs. 40 or 50 for a new one,
K. C. MARROTT.
Largest Importer of Secondhand Clothing
WHOLESALE DEPOT, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
RETAIL BRANCH, Kalbadevi Road, Kanta Buildings, opposite the Edward's Theatre, BOMBAY.
Speciality.

COOK BETTER
by using the Annapurna Cooker. It is the simplest and most efficient Cooker on the Market. Do you wish to know what it has done for others? Write a card to-day to:—
ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.
Near Cinema, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 4th July, 1918, at 6-30 p.m.

Growths:	Fine	Fully Good	Good	F.G.F.	Delivery
Bengals (M.G.) ..	..	593	555	515	.. Ready
	..	..	..	..	.. ..
Sciade-Punjab .. (M.G.)	..	585	550	..	.. Ready
	..	..	..	..	.. ..
Limdi Dharangadhra (M.G.).	..	..	738	728	.. Ready
	..	..	770	760	.. Ready
Mundra (M.G.) ..	..	..	..	..	.. ..
Broach (M.G.) ..	729	710	700	..	.. Ready
	..	..	..	..	.. ..
Kadi ..	..	..	743	733	.. Ready
Viramgam(M.G)	..	..	..	..	.. ..
Mathia (M.G.) ..	..	600	575	..	.. Ready
Bagalkote Bijapore (M.G.) ..	..	..	..	750	735 Ready
Sawgd. Dharwar	..	..	..	726	711 Ready
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	..	740	725 Ready
Westerns (H.G.)	..	..	..	..	.. ..
Compta (M.G.)..	..	..	..	770	755 Ready
	..	..	..	..	.. ..
Antni-Miraj (M.G.)	..	..	..	770	755 Ready
	..	..	..	..	.. ..

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, July 4th, 1918.—6-30 p m

	Bazar Terms: Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery Rs. a. p
Wheat, White Delhi 70-36 ..	53 0 0	7 10 0
" " Cawnpore 70-32	52 0 0	7 9 0
" Karachi Bangla ..	.. ..	7 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi ..	7 6 0	.. ..
" Cawnpore	7 7 0	.. ..
" Yellow Cawnpore	7 12 0	.. ..
Linseed, Brown Bold	7 15 0	8 4 0
Thin	7 8 0	7 13 9
Teelseed, White 85.15	74 0 0	.. ..
" Gajar 75.35	.. ..	.. ..
" Gajar 70.30	.. ..	.. ..
" Black ..	.. ..	.. ..
Poppyseed, White ..	11 8 0	12 0 0
Groundnut ..	44 0 0	.. ..
Mowrasced ..	4 0 0	.. ..
Barley ..	37 8 0	.. ..
Castorseed ..	52 8 0	10 13 0

Forward:	Rs. as. p.
Wheat Aug.-Sept.:	8 3 0
Linseed Sept.	9 0 6

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Bombay, July 4th, 1918.

	Rate per lb Rs. a. p.
Davids No. 10	1— 0— 8
Shapurji No 12	0—15—11
Simplex No. 10	0—15—10
Edward No. 10	0—15— 9
Light Wosses No. 64.	0—14— 3

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 4th 1918.

	Market Rates
Bank Telegraphic	1 5 15½
" Demand	1 6 1
Doc. Acceptances 8ts/s	1 6 7
For. Demand	203
American Dollars	219
Hongkong	217½
Shanghai	312
Japan	147
Singapore	155½

Market quiet

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BULLION.

Bar Gold Rs. 30-14-0.
Sovereign Rs. 18-14-6.
Silver Ready Ex-duty Rs. 108-10-0.
Silver 1st Settlement Rs. 108-10-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/6 1/16.
Credit 3 Msd/a 1/6 7/16.
D. D. on France Fr. 203¾.
Credit 3 Msd/a Fr. 212.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 143½.
60 D/st Japan Rs. 138½.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 217¾.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 312.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 155½.
D. D. on New York Rs. 279.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates.
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 90.
5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920-22 98.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 78.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 90.
3½ per cent. Paper 65.
4½ per cent Port Trust long dated due 1926 88.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated 76.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated 75.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated 75.
4 per cent. Bombay City Improvement Trust long dated 74.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 90.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 90.
The following are the Bank rates.
Bank of Bombay 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 7 per cent.

SHARES.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was closed to-day on account of July Settlement. In the New Stock Exchange a fair amount of business was done and the market closed steady.

The following are the closing rates:—

Standards 2,117-8, Madhowji 2,815, Fazulbhoy 970, Currimbhoy 455, Crescent 305, Pearls 705, Indore 387-8, Bleeching 205, Nagpore 2,820, Simplex 1,045, Tata Steel O. 248-12, Ind. Cement 347-8, Katni Ord. 275, Katni Defd. 1,140, Bundi 22-8, By. Telephone 200, By. Steam 332-8.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 3.

A fairly large business took place in both jute mill shares and coal shares, while miscellaneous and industrial section was also well supported. Amongst the coal shares, Sendras were in strong demand changing hands up to Rs. 23-8 and Ondals up to Rs. 32-8. In jute mill shares, Kamarhatty were mostly sought after, advancing to Rs. 755, but closing slightly easier. The tone of the market at the close was very steady all round. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bansra 25-4, Bokaro and Ramghur 18-12, Borrea ord 23-12, 24, Borrea pref 81, Burrakur 42-12 to 43-12, Churulia 15-12, Equitable ord 44-8, Gopalichuck 10-12, Jumoni 12-4, Kasta 3-8, Kalapahari 19-12, Ondal ord 32-8, Phularitand 11-4, Sowardih 16-4, Sendra 23-4, Standard 48-4, Teetulmuri 17.

Jute:—Anglo-India ord 296, Alliance ord 638, Auckland ord 376, Budge-Budge ord 602, Fort William ord 400, Howrah ord 54, Hooghly ord 81-4, Kamarhatty ord 750, Kanknarrah ord 795, Khardah ord 372, Lawrence ord 605, Lansdowne ord 398, Lansdowne pref 107, Lothian ord 308, New Central ord 825, Northbrook ord 63-4, Reliance ord 45, Standard ord 682, Union ord 880.

Miscellaneous:—Assam Saw Mills 22, Behar Oil 50, Bengal Brass 29-4, Bengal Paper ord 110, Bengal-Nagpur Cotton ord 231, Berhai River Gold 9-4, Britannia Biscuits 12-4, Calcutta Trams 94, Dalbhoom Gold ord 22-4, Eastern Paint 12, Howrah Oil 81, Indian Galvanizing 9-4, Reliance Firebrick Pottery 22-8, Surma Valley Saw Mills 25-12, Titaghur Paper ord 426 to 432.

Government Paper:—Three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 64-8 to Rs. 64-12, and small lots at Rs. 65-4 to Rs. 65-8.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(THURSDAY, JULY 4.)

Mr. Suleman Kaloobhai Desai, Acting Mamlatdar of Jalalpore and Magistrate of the Third Class in the district of Surat, is appointed, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

The services of Lieutenant J. P. Davies, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached to the Cantonment Magistrates' Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

Mr. Durlabhji Rughnathji Desai, Mamlatdar of the Jambusar Taluka and Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Broach, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Barrister-at-Law, Administrator-General and Official Trustee, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for six weeks from the date of relief.

Mr. Vishnu Parasharam Raverkar to do duty as First Class Subordinate Judge, Sholapur, vice Mr. Shridhar Narayan Sathaye, retiring, pending further orders.

Mr. Raverkar is invested with power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of the Subordinate Courts in the Sholapur District as may be referred to him by the District Judge of Sholapur.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr. Manchubhai Narsidas Choksi appointed to be Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Ahmedabad, pending further orders:—

Mr. Parvatishankar Manishankar Bhat to act as First Class Subordinate Judge at Broach.

Mr. Karsandas Jayasingbhai Desai, on relief by Mr. Bhat, to be First Class Subordinate Judge at Ahmedabad.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Rao Bahadur Ganesh Ramkrishna Datar, retiring:—

Mr. Vishveshwar Venkatesh Kalyanpurkar to be Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Surat.

Mr. Manchubhai Narsidas Choksi to be Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Ahmedabad.

The Governor in Council has accepted the resignation of Khan Bahadur Barjorji Nasarvanji Vakil of his appointment as Delegate of the Parsi District Matrimonial Court at Surat.

The Governor in Council is pleased to empower Second-Lieutenant J. T. Fitzpatrick, I.A.R.O., Cantonment Magistrate, Ahmedabad, and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmedabad, under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to try in a summary way all the offences mentioned or referred to in section 260 of the same Code occurring within the limits of the Cantonment of Ahmedabad.

Mr. A. H. Fell to perform, within the limits of the Bombay Presidency, the duties described in sections 16 and 29 of the Cotton Duties Act.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence of Mr. G. R. Mahajan, on leave without pay, or pending further orders:—

(a) Mr. G. K. Ranade to revert to his permanent post of Assistant Professor of Agriculture.

(b) Mr. Bhimbhai M. Desai, Divisional Superintendent of Agriculture, N. D., to be Assistant Professor of Dairying and Manager, Civil Dairy, Poona.

(c) Mr. Gulabhai N. Desai to be Divisional Superintendent of Agriculture, N. D.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, vice Mr. G. Wiles, I.C.S., on special duty pending further orders:—

Mr. C. G. Freke, I.C.S., to do duty as Personal Assistant to the Collector of Poona.

Mr. Vishnu Balvant Naik to do duty as District Deputy Collector, Poona, vice Mr. C. G. Freke, I.C.S.

Mr. Hamid Moizudin Abdul Ali, I.C.S., is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from 1st July, 1918, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Mr. T. R. D. Bell to be substantive pro tem. First Grade Conservator from 14th June to 10th December, 1917, and to be Chief Conservator of Forests, Bombay Presidency, from 11th December, 1917.

Mr. O. H. L. Napier to be substantive pro tem. Second Grade Conservator from 14th June to 10th December, 1917, and Second Grade Conservator and substantive pro tem. First Grade Conservator from 11th December 1917 to 22nd March 1918.

Mr. W. F. D. Fisher to be substantive pro tem. Third Grade Conservator from 14th June to 10th December, 1917, and Third Grade Conservator and substantive pro tem. Second Grade Conservator from 11th December 1917 to 22nd March 1918.

Mr. W. E. Copleston to be substantive pro tem. Third Grade Conservator of Forests in charge of Southern Circle from 17th December 1917 to 22nd March 1918.

Mr. B. A. Brendon, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Collector of Ratnagiri.

Mr. A. M. MacMillan, I.C.S., on relief, to do duty as Assistant Collector, Poona, vice Mr. Vishnu Balvant Naik, reverting, pending further orders.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to create a temporary appointment of Assistant to the Commissioner in Sind for Civil Supplies and Recruiting and to appoint Mr. H. Dow, I.C.S., to hold it till further orders.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel H. Herbert (retired), F.R.C.S., I.M.S.:—

Major A. Cameron, I.M.S., to act as Civil Administrative Medical Officer, Sind, in addition to his military duties.

Major L. P. Stephen, I.M.S., to act as Civil Surgeon, Karachi, in addition to his military duties.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments with effect from the 1st April, 1918:—

Assistant Surgeon Khan Bahadur R. J. Petigara, L. M. & S., to be Senior Assistant Surgeon vice Senior Assistant Surgeon S. D. Bharucha, L. M. & S., retired.

Assistant Surgeon J. V. P. Mascarenhas, L. M. & S., to be substantive pro tempore Senior Assistant Surgeon vice Assistant Surgeon Khan Bahadur R. J. Petigara, and seconded.

Assistant Surgeon Khan Saheb C. R. Avari to be substantive pro tempore Senior Assistant Surgeon vice Assistant Surgeon J. V. P. Mascarenhas, L. M. & S., seconded.

The following arrangements were made during the absence on leave of Dr. Miss E. Turner Watts, M.D., Acting First Physician, Cama and Albless Hospitals, Bombay:—

Mrs. C. D'Monte, L. M. & S., acted as First Physician (without extra remuneration).

Miss A. M. Mehta, L. M. & S., acted as Second Physician (without extra remuneration).

Miss Mary Fereira, M.B., B.S., acted as House Surgeon (in an honorary capacity).

Mr. S. R. Perfect, Executive Engineer, is granted, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave in India for one month with effect from the date of relief.

The arrangements for the relief of Mr. Perfect proceeding on military duty, hold good during his absence on privilege leave.

Mr. H. A. MacArthur, Acting Executive Engineer, is granted, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave in India for three months with effect from the date of relief.

Mr. S. G. Lyttle, temporary Engineer, is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Karachi Canals District, vice Mr. MacArthur or until further orders.

Mr. Harilal Bhogilal Parekh, L.C.E., Sub-Engineer, 1st Grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer, held charge of the office of the Executive Engineer, Gujarat Irrigation District, under Public Works Department Code.

AMUSEMENTS.

A TIMELY REMINDER!

TO-DAY—FRIDAY—is the last day to see the beautiful and gorgeous Drama by the celebrated Pathe Freres

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HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED.

NO APPARENT MOTIVE FOUND FOR CRIME.

Malkajapa Balapa. v. The King-Emperor. *(Before Justices Heaton and Hayward.)*

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. E. Clements, Sessions Judge of Dharwar, agreeing with the assessors he found the accused guilty of murdering one Prabhapa and sentenced him to death under Section 302.

The facts are briefly these:—The deceased Prabhapa had a surpa's shop at Hubli. There is one shop between that of the accused and that of the deceased. On Tuesday the 25th December the deceased came to his shop and sat on his usual seat. The accused came from his shop and struck the deceased on the head with the hammer. The accused then threw the hammer down and ran towards the "chavdi." The deceased was then removed to the dispensary. He died on the next day. In his dying declaration the deceased stated that the accused brought a hammer and beat him with it. He fell senseless and did not know what happened further.

The accused admitted of having struck the blow but pleaded that he did not know what he was doing. He said that he had been suffering from delusions.

The Sessions Judge refused to believe the statement of the accused and found him guilty of intentionally killing the deceased. The accused had inflicted the blow in a calm and deliberate manner. In order to prevent the possibility of any injustice the accused was kept under observation for three months and no signs of insanity were found. He could not say that there had been no apparent motive for this offence.

Their Lordships reduced the sentence of death to that of transportation for life as no motive could be attributed to the accused to commit murder.

Mr. Jagirdar appeared for the accused.

The Government pleader represented the Crown.

THE THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

A HEAVY LIST.

(Before Justice Kajiji.)

The Third Criminal Sessions commenced its sitting on Thursday morning, at 10-30 a.m., the Hon. Mr. Justice Kajiji presiding. The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Aston, and the Sheriff of Bombay, were present and took their seat with his Lordship on the bench for some time. The calendar of crimes was an unusually heavy one. There were 19 cases in all. Of these five were for murder, four for theft, two for culpable homicide not amounting to murder, two for kidnapping, two for rape, two for attempt to commit rape, one for counterfeiting King's coin and one for falsification of accounts. None of the accused pleaded guilty. The trial of Babu Vishram for kidnapping was then proceeded with.

ENTICING AWAY A MARRIED WOMAN.

King-Emperor v. Babu Vishram.

The accused was charged under sections 366, 498 and 497 of the Indian Penal Code, with the offences of kidnapping a married woman named Jumnabai, alleged to be under 16 years of age, of enticing away the same woman and of committing adultery with her without the consent of her husband, Bhagwan Ramjee.

Mr. R. P. Thanawala appeared for the Crown.

The case for the prosecution was that the girl Jumnabai was a daughter of one Morar Hari. She was under 16 years of age and had been married to the complainant, Bhagwan Ramjee. The girl was residing with her father and the accused formerly used to reside opposite the father's place. They became friendly and used to talk to each other through the windows. Mukhtabai, a Ghati woman, used to reside in the same house with the girl. Later on this woman shifted her residence and the girl used to visit her there. There also the accused went and used to see this girl at this woman's place.

On the 5th of February the girl was temporarily residing with her father. That morning the father went as usual to his work leaving his girl and his wife in the house. The mother went, to bazaar and on her return home found that the girl was not there. In the evening at about 7-30, the father returned home from work and was informed by the mother about their daughter's disappearance. Some inquiries were made and information given to the police.

ARRESTED IN GOA.

Certain information was then received by the father of the girl from Goa, which he communicated to the police. The father then went to Goa where he saw his daughter and the accused in the custody of the police there. Evidently they had been arrested in Goa on suspicion. The girl told the father that she was brought there by the accused. She did not return with him to Bombay as under the circumstances she was ashamed to return. After a few days the father received further information, in consequence of which a police constable was put on special duty at Carnac Bunder, with the father. The accused was then arrested as he was coming on a boat from Goa.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty on the first charge and of guilty on the second and third charges. His Lordship sentenced the accused to two years' imprisonment on each of the two charges, the sentences to run concurrently.

A RAPE CASE.

King-Emperor v. Rambhau Balshet.

The accused, a Hindu, 27 years old, was charged with committing rape on a girl, nine years of age.

Mr. J. B. Patell appeared for the Crown.

The jury brought in a unanimous verdict of guilty against the accused and his Lordship sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Madras, yesterday evening, a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum with a bonus of 2 per cent. per annum was declared. Rs. 4½ lakhs is transferred to investments and Rs. 384,356 is carried forward.

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CAUSES LIST.

BOARD FOR FRIDAY, THE 5TH OF JULY, 1918.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

AFTER THE APPELLATE SIDE COURT WORK IS OVER.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSES.

1306-15—Captain and V. Rajmal Lakhichand v. Damji Hirji & anr, Madnowji K & Ch, Part heard.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

222-18—Mer K & Co., Messrs. Hansraj Jadav a firm v. Messrs. Nanakchand Isharsing a firm, Madh K & Ch.

LONG CAUSES.

917-18—Mer K and Co, Shivakshaw Manecklji Batha v Dadabhoy Merwanji Mehta, Vachha and Co.

530-17—Hiralal T & Co., Khiamal Tahilram v. Vishandas Ghowanmal Maharaj, Pandia & Co.

128-17—Manecklal & Co., Vithal Purshotam & ors v. Ratanbai widow & anr, N C Dalal, Little & Co.

404-16—Little & Co., Dada Miya Khandwani v. Tybert Pope Smith, Crawford B & Co.

1387-17—Payne & Co., Rupsing Mathuradas Lowji v. H Beruston, Judah & S.

103-18—Payne & Co., Lakhmidas Kalidas & anr v. Shamkorebai widow, Mehta D & L.

883-17—Amin & D, Baboo Ramji Wallonj v. Sitabai widow & ors, Judah & S. Smetham B & Co.

1382-16—Jehangir M & Somji, Rose Mary widow & ors v. Shaik Haji Hoosein Shaik Baba Miya, Mulla & Mulla.

480-17—Payne & Co., The Mathuradas Mills Ld. v. Hirachand Vanechand a firm, Bhai K & Gir.

503-17—Payne & Co., Nippon Mankwa Katri Shimi Kaisha otherwise known as Japan Cotton Trading Co. Ld. v. Hirachand Vanichand a firm, Bhai K & Gir.

515-17—Payne & Co., The Simplex Mills Co. Ld. v. Hirachand Vanechand a firm, Bhai K & Gir.

20-18—Little & Co., Shantaram Balkrishna & anr v. Wamanji Gopal Wadekar & anr, Amin & D.

98-18—Captain & V, Frank Jacob Iny v. Haji Abdulla Kazini, Payne & Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSES.

1219-16—Amin & D, Sabrabibi v. Abdul Karim Abdul Rahim Hafiz & ors, Mulla & M, Amin & D, Part Heard.

63-17—Merwanji K & Co., Goculdas Kanayalal v. Bhagtawarmal Jagatia & ors, Mulji & Tha.

508-17—Shroff and D, Messrs. Hathising Jethabhai and Co. v. Dwarkadas Madhowji Jeh M and S.

684-17—Jam R and D, Dossabhai Hirachand a firm v. Virchand Daicharam a firm and anr, Hiralal T and Co., Khandwalla and Co.

1264-16—Mer K and Co, Chatrabhuj Bhavanidas a firm Ganeshdas Devidas and ors, Payne and Co.

768-17—S B and Co., Temulji Jamsetji Mistry v. Bejonji Shapurji Madan Vachha and Co.

362-17—Edg G W and Co. Bai Jivibai widow v. Lallji Morarji and ors Sham M and H.

998-17—Mer K and Co. Rustomji Framji Kharas v. Chhaganlal Chunilal and anr, Ragh N and Co.

816 05—Bhai K and G. Cursondas Ludha v. Amichand Panalal, Matu J and M.

470-17—Motichand and D, Ratansey Devkaran v Messrs Nanu N Bharucha and Co a firm, Daph F and D.

1230-17—Edg G W & Co., Maneckbai v. Jairam Jaloji Ghansali & ors, Pandia & Co., Edg G W & Co.

1079-17—Edgelow G W & Co. Messrs Lakhmichand Padamsey and Co. a firm v. Gabruchand Kacharachand & ors, Mehta D & L.

1345-17—Ard H D & Co., Dr. Parbhudas Gokaldas & anr, Bai Diwalibai widow, Jehangir G & B.

397-18—Pandia & Co., Vithaldas Narayen & ors v. Schroder Smidt & Co., Ld., Little & Co.

549-16—N C Dalal, Tukaram Gennu v. Bai Jamnabai Tricumji Hirji & anr Edg G W & Co., Maneck D & Co.

CHARGE OF CONCEALING ENEMY ASSETS.

A DEFENCE PETITION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, July 3.

An application was made to-day before the District Magistrate by the counsel for the defence in the case against Rathol T. A. Nager of the Trading Company of Rangoon, which is a Dutch mercantile firm, for concealing assets amounting to over Rs. 1,70,000 belonging to Beck and Co., brewers of Bremen. The petition states that investigation in Calcutta showed that the Calcutta liquidator was aware of the existence of the funds in Rangoon and he had objected to their being paid over to the Burma Custodian of Enemy Property. Telegrams were put in to the same effect and a request was made in the petition that Calcutta witnesses be called.

The Government Advocate said that the defence had time to obtain this information before the case closed. The defence counsel asserted that until the decision of the prosecution to call Calcutta witnesses was known he could not have approached the witnesses. They were willing to come. Orders were reserved.

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PAY THEM A VISIT TO-MORROW.

MOTOR LORRY COLLIDES WITH TRAMCAR.

LATTER SUSTAINS SERIOUS DAMAGE

Tram car No. 67 was being driven along Falkland Road towards Golpitha, when near the Golpitha Mr. William A. Officer of the Bombay Municipality, who was driving a municipal lorry in the same direction, tried to pass the tram car, and, it is alleged, in doing so he passed it on the wrong side. It is further alleged that after running on the wrong side of the tram car for about fifteen yards he tried to get on to the right side again by passing in front of the tram car, but before the lorry could get clear of the tram track, the tram collided with the left side of the lorry. This resulted in the right side of the dashboard of the tram being buckled and the right iron stanchion being bent and the iron gate being damaged. It is also alleged that the tram driver applied his brakes, but was unable to avoid the accident.

WASHERMAN'S TRAGIC DEATH.

KNOCKED DOWN BY CLOTHES BUNDLE.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest at the Coroner's Court, yesterday, touching the death of Gopal Bhana, a washerman, residing in 4th Marine Street. Dayaram Govind, a washerman, who is alleged to have thrown down a bundle, which fell on the deceased, causing him fatal injuries, was present at the inquest with his pleader Mr. Burjor F. Dastur.

It was alleged that the deceased was walking along the street on Monday. A bundle of clothes tied in a canvas cloth was thrown from the first-floor window of a house. The bundle struck the deceased and felled him. He was picked up and taken to his house. In the evening the police were informed, and the deceased was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where he subsequently died.

The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by compression of the spinal cord from fracture and dislocation of the neck, the deceased having been struck by a bundle of clothing thrown from a first-floor window by Dayaram Govind and that this act of Dayaram was a rash and negligent one.

SUICIDE BY HANGING.

DEPRESSED ON ACCOUNT OF WIFE'S ILLNESS.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest at the Coroner's Court, yesterday, touching the death of Yeshwant Narayen, a Hindu, aged 40 years, who was found hanging by a rope tied to the roof of his room at Girgaon. The evidence was that the deceased had been lately depressed on account of his wife's illness. On Monday night he went to see his wife, who was staying at her father's place, and he discussed with the latter the question whether they should remove her to hospital. On Tuesday morning Krishnaji Mahadeo, the father-in-law of the deceased, was called to the deceased's place, where he found the door on the stairs locked from inside. A man was sent on to the roof to look into the room, and he said the deceased was hanging by a rope. They then opened the door and going upstairs found the body of the deceased hanging by a cord from the roof. Near the deceased were two stools, one on top of the other, and the face of the deceased was covered with his own shirt. The windows were found fastened from within. The boxes in the room were intact. The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by hanging.

ACCIDENT IN FLOUR MILL.

Luximon Bhiwa, aged 30, and Sheikh Ameer Sheikh Mohudin, aged 35, were removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, suffering from the effects of burns sustained by them and they were detained there for treatment. It would appear that the two men were in charge of an oil machine for grinding flour at Sewri New Road and Luximon went up to pump oil into a lamp when it exploded and burnt them both about the face and body.

A MOTOR ACCIDENT.

Lieut. H. G. Cooper, M.C., D.C.M., was driving motor car No. 3784 along Fort Street towards Hornby Road yesterday afternoon at 4-16 p.m., when one Pragji Purshotam, aged 26, it is alleged, stepped out from behind a victoria that was going in front of the motor car, and was struck by the left mudguard and knocked down, the wheel passing over his left leg. Pragji was removed by the Lieutenant to the G. T. Hospital, where it was found that he was only shaken and bruised.

PLAGUE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

The following statement of plague deaths reported to have occurred in Districts and Native States in the Bombay Presidency for the week ending 22nd June, 1918, is published for general information:—

Bombay City 36, Surat District 3, Bandra 9, other places in Thana District 3, Satara District 2, Poona District 7, Sholapur District 3, Belgaum District 15, Dharwar District 10, Bijapur District 15, Kanara District 12, Karachi City 31, Keamari 1, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country States 6, Akalkote State 7, Mandvi 6, Savnur State 5, Satara Agency 6, Verawal 10, Porbunder 1, other places in Kathiawar Agency 22. Total 210.

ASSAM PLANTERS' CIRCULAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 3.

The President of the Surma Valley (Assam) War Committee in forwarding a letter to the Chairman of the local branch of the Tea Association to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, expressed the view that every member of the branch would agree that it was now for the planting community in the valley to consider how they could best respond to the Chief Commissioner's appeal. The attention of the branch was invited to the plain duty imposed on every man of military age to offer himself, leaving it to others to decide whether or not he was indispensable in the post he occupied. It was recognised that the planters were largely in the hands of the great firms in Calcutta which controlled the tea industry, but the President was confident that these firms would afford the fullest oppurtunity to their men to volunteer and cheerfully sustain any loss or inconvenience thus occasioned. It was requested that the appeal should be laid before all the members of the branch.

WOMEN'S MOVEMENT IN INDIA

INSTITUTIONS OF BOMBAY LADIES.

An inaugural meeting was called at Mrs. Jayakar's house, Girgaon, on Tuesday, where Mrs. Sarala Devi Chowdhari of Lahore, General Secretary of the Bharat Stri Mahamandal, explained the objects of the Bharat Stri Mahamandal or the All-India Women's Association, which are to have a federation of Indian women all over the country under the auspices of one common association, the membership of which is open to every woman irrespective of nationality, race, class or creed with a view to bring about the social, educational and material advancement of Indian women. It was proposed to have Lady Jugmohandas as the President of the Provisional Committee, and Mrs. M. R. Jayakar and Mrs. A. C. Chatterjee as Secretaries.

A Provisional Committee was formed consisting of Dr. Mrs. Dadabhoy, Mrs. M. R. Jayakar (senior), Mrs. D. N. Bahadurji, Mrs. Nabar, Mrs. Kamdar, Dilshad Begum, Mrs. K. Rao, Dr. Miss Nagubhai Joshi and Miss Powala. The work proposed to be taken in hand in Bombay are as follows:—(1) A hostel for Indian ladies, (2) a depot of women's work, and (3) entertainments for raising funds.

It was proposed to call a formal meeting on Monday the 8th inst. at 5-30 p.m. at the Prarthana Samaj Hall to establish a branch of the Bharat Stri Mahamandal in Bombay, when ladies of all sections and communities sympathising with the objects of the Association are cordially invited to attend.

THE BOMBAY GHARIWALAS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I have read with interest your and your correspondent's opinions on the conduct of the hack-drivers of our city. I beg to bring to your notice and to the notice of the public through your esteemed paper two among other incidents which occurred only recently. Only a few days ago I took a victoria and along with two ladies drove to our destination. But the driver kept the ghari opposite the place we wanted to go to, and told us in his usual insolent tone to cross up the road if we cared. As it was a busy street I hesitated to cross it on foot along with my companions. But all remonstrance was useless. We had to get down and cross it on foot. But I for a time refused to pay the fare. Upon this the insolent driver instantly changed into an imploring beggar. I paid him afterwards, but only half his proper fare. Another incident is more important because one usually meets it on the way. As I got out of a cinema one of these days, I found that though there were a dozen or more gharis apparently unoccupied none of them, would take us. The excuse they gave was that their gharis were already engaged. But the real object was to wait till somebody cropped up who would give higher fares than we would, and engage them for hours together. In spite of being told that a ghari was engaged we got in it and told the man that we would wait until its real occupier would come. This operated magically. He implored us to get down. But we called a policeman on duty there and explained the whole thing to him. Now the driver lied that his horse was tired. I gave him the option to drive either to the Police Station where I might lodge a complaint against him or to my place. He thereupon drove us straight home. I find that the inconvenience and humiliation that the public receive on account of the conduct of the ruffian ghariwallas are already too great and glaring and that the public must fearlessly so act when they are on the right as to bring the ghariwallas to their senses so that they may stop molesting all passengers especially ladies when alone. I enclose my card. Thanking you,—Yours, etc.,

A. B.

Bombay, July 2, 1918.

FAILURE OF ELECTRICITY IN LUCKNOW

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, July 3.

The supply of electricity failed again yesterday at about 11-30 a.m., but was restored at 2 p.m. At night the current was at first very feeble but gradually strengthened up Between 4 and 5 this morning the current again failed and has not yet been restored. It may be mentioned that previous failures of the current led to an enquiry by the Electrical Inspector to the Government but the results of that enquiry have not yet been published. It is suggested Messrs. Martin and Co., Managing Agents of the Supply Co., should take up this matter at once. With cholera and typhoid raging in the city, absence of fans is a serious factor.

CALCUTTA SWEEPERS ON STRIKE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 3

From early yesterday morning sweepees and other menials of the northern section of the Calcutta Corporation went on strike demanding an increase of wages. The Deputy Chairman interviewed the men and promised to look into their grievances. Some men resumed work, but the majority are still on strike.

Meetings of protest against the insulting remarks made by Lord Willingdon and Mr. Montagu against popular leaders and expressing confidence in the latter's conduct, have been held at Chanda and Anjarla.

Mr. S. Wadsworth, I.C.S., on the expiry of his privilege leave is appointed to be temporary Under-Secretary to the Madras Government Revenue (Special) Department.

The British Malay and E. M. S. exports increased in 1917 to 605 million dollars from 487 million and imports to 487 millions from 402 millions, despite shipping shortage. More copra was exported than in the previous year. Rice, sugar, motor cars, fancy goods were imported in increased quantities, European and liquors decreased.

The delay in the arrival of English mails is much resented by Rangoon commercial circles. Mails received in Bombay on June 23rd have not yet arrived. The previous mail took ten days to reach Rangoon from Bombay.

Through service between Penang and Bangkok started from 1st July.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

ISSUE OF GOVERNMENT OF INDIA WAR LOAN.

BONDS AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

5½ % Bonds free of Income Tax repayable at par in 1927.
5½ % Bonds free of Income Tax repayable at par in 1923.
5½ % Bonds free of Income Tax repayable at Rs. 103 per cent. in 1925.
5½ % Bonds free of Income Tax repayable at Rs. 105 per cent. in 1928.

PRICE OF ISSUE Rs. 100 PER CENT.

Interest up to 14th September, 1918, will be paid to you in advance.

THE BANK OF BOMBAY at its Head Office and Branches will, on and after 3rd June, supply you with any of the above War Bonds in pieces of Rs. 100, Rs. 500, Rs. 1,000, Rs. 5,000, Rs. 10,000 or Rs. 25,000. No Application Forms are required.

You are invited to come to the Bank to make your investment any business day between 11 a. m. and 4 p. m. (Saturdays 11 a. m. to 2 p. m.)

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(SOLID EAU DE COLOGNE)
BOMBAY PERFUMERY MART.
HORNBY ROW FORT

SIND PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

PROTEST AGAINST INSULT TO COUNTRY'S LEADERS.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee was held at Karachi on 29th June at which, the following resolutions were unanimously passed. A summary of the third resolution has been cabled to Mr. A. M. Cachalia, President of the British Indian Association of Johannesburg:—

"The Executive Committee of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee places on record its most indignant protest against the gratuitous insult levelled by Lord Willingdon against the Home Rulers by questioning their sincerity at the Bombay Provincial War Conference and its strong disapproval of the conduct of the Governor in adopting the unconstitutional procedure of disallowing any amendments on either of the resolutions before the Conference, in stopping the free expression of views on the resolutions and in preventing Messrs. Tilak and Kelkar from replying to the allegations of insincerity made against them by the Governor. It further expresses its whole-hearted appreciation of the action of Messrs. Tilak, Kelkar, Horniman, Bomanji and Jamnadas in leaving the Conference as a protest against the conduct of the Governor. Finally it urges Lord Willingdon to withdraw his insulting remarks and appeals to the Viceroy to express his strong disapproval of the conduct of the Governor of Bombay.

MR. MONTAGU AND DR. SUBRAMANIA IYER.

"The Executive Committee of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee protests strongly against the insulting language used by Mr. Montagu in the House of Commons about Dr. Subramania Iyer, one of the most respected leaders of India, and feels that the insult to him is an insult to the Nation. The Committee further places on record its appreciation of Dr. Subramania Iyer's action in renouncing the titles conferred on him by Government, since they have apparently been made the ground of special objection taken to his action in despatching a letter to President Wilson.

COLOUR BAR AGAINST INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

"The Executive Committee of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee strongly condemns the legalization of the colour bar against Indians in South Africa contained in the revised Regulation 19 of the South African Railway Regulations which imposes galling restrictions on the freedom of movement of Indians on the train and railway premises in South Africa and feels that such insulting restraint on Indians in one of the self-governing Dominions of the Empire will have a highly injurious effect on public opinion in India and come in the the various parts of the Empire which is eminently desirable at the present juncture of the war. This Committee therefore appeals to the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India to take immediate action in the matter with a view to the satisfactory amendment of the present Regulations of the South African Railways.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

"The Executive Committee of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee places on record its condemnation of the restricted scope of inquiry of the Committee recently appointed by the Government of Bombay to examine and report upon the report of the Special Officer on Local Self-Government in the Bombay Presidency and its protest against the personnel of that Committee, which did not include such a well-qualified representative of popular opinion on the questions as the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel. This Committee specially condemns the selection of Mr. Wali Mahomed Hussanally to represent Sind on the Committee, he being a nominated municipal councillor who simply voices official opinion on public questions, to the utter exclusion of the real exponents of popular opinion in Sind."

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NERVINE TONIC PILLS
are the best and most effective preparation in the market to cure all sorts of diseases due to nervous breakdown, such as (Nervous debility, Brainfag, Loss of memory, Indigestion) etc., etc. This medicine is not a thing made by a quack but it is the result of Dr. Burman's vast experience in the field of medicine for a long time and consequently it can be safely recommended for your own case as well as for your friends and relatives.
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SOLE AGENTS:—
THE SOUTH INDIAN STORES.
GRANT ROAD BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

MONDAY, 8th July 1918.

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m., to-day. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded.

DAILY.

Exhibition of War Loan posters, War Loan Bureau, Esplanade Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Royal Opera House Howitt Phillips' Co. in "Within the Law at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30.

Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre 6-30 and 10-0.

West-End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.

Empire Cinema: At 6-30, 8-15, 10 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: Girgaum, near Tram Terminus: 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

Precious Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S. T.).

New Alexandra Cinema: Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S. T.).

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S. T.).

Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 30	14 25
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)...	15 30	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 30	14 45
Poona Express	19 40	7 59

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	12 30	16
Gujarat Mail	8 25	21
Kathiawar 3rd class Express ...	7 56	21 20

35TH POONA BATTALION, I. D. F.

POONA, July 2.

Corps Order by Major C. Graham Smith, Commanding 35th Poona Battalion, I.D.F.

689. Drill and Instruction.—Under Rules and Regulations for the Indian Defence Force the General Officer Commanding Division authorizes a "Strong as possible" parade to be held on Wednesday 17th July, 1918, at 7 a.m. All members of the Corps residing in Poona and Kirkee must attend this parade.

Reference above—

Attention of all concerned is directed to Corps Standing Orders 1918, para 10.

A. R. KEARSEY,
Captain.
Adjutant, 35th Poona Battalion, I.D.F.

BAND AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

By kind permission of Lieut. T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 13th G. I. P. Ry. Bn., will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Owing to cable interruption the booking of week-end and deferred telegrams for Mesopotamia has been suspended.

G. M. JAIN HOSTEL.

A meeting of the Literary and Debating Society of the G. M. Jain Hostels will be held at the Hostel Premises, Elphinstone Road, to-morrow, at 8-30 p.m. (S.T. sharp). Mr. B. A. Pathak will speak on 'Ancient Indian Stage (in Gujarati) when Mr. N. B. Vibhakar will preside.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

During the past 9 months two Ambulance Classes, First Aid and Home Nursing, have been held in the Medical Mobilisation Stores behind the Arsenal and the following ladies awarded First Aid and Home Nursing certificates by the St. John's Ambulance Association of India:—Mrs. M. Hill, Mrs. E. Bowdon, Miss A. Wiseman, Mrs. A. Whitcombe, Mrs. J. Donaldson and Miss A. Marshall.

A third Ambulance Class, First Aid and Home Nursing for ladies will commence on Monday 1st July, 1918. Ladies desirous of joining are requested to submit their names to Captain T. Todd, Commissioner of the Boy Scouts. Superintendent of the Ambulance Classes. Thanks are due to Colonel W. E. Jennings, A.D.M.S., Captain S. J. Barry, R.A.M.C. and Assistant Surgeon C. M. E. Warner for their kind assistance rendered to the Ambulance Classes.

WOMAN ACCIDENTALLY BURNT TO DEATH

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest at the Coroner's Court yesterday, touching the death of Ratanbai, a Hindu woman, aged 20. Chapsi Khetsy, a cotton waste merchant, said he left home for work on Wednesday morning and subsequently returned home on hearing that there was a fire near his house. He went into his room, where he found the deceased, his wife, all burnt. She was taken to the J. J. Hospital, where she died. The deceased had been in good health and had no cause for unhappiness.

Some more evidence was recorded, and the jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by extensive burns which the deceased stated she had received accidentally when lighting a fire.

DEATH FROM OPIUM POISONING.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest at the G. T. Hospital, yesterday, touching the death of Vasantrao Narayen Dalvi, a Hindu, aged 35 years, residing at Thakoredwar. The evidence was that the deceased, who was unemployed, went out at 11 a.m. on Wednesday and returned home at 2 p.m. and took a bottle of sodawater. He became drowsy, and his wife sent for a doctor. In the evening he was removed to the hospital, where it was found that he was suffering from opium poisoning and he died shortly after admission. The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by opium poisoning, but there was no evidence to show whether he intended suicide.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER AS RENT CONTROLLER

A GOVERNMENT SUGGESTION.

The Secretary to Government, Controller's Office, Bombay, has addressed the following letter, dated the 28th June 1918, to the President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation:—

"The Corporation is doubtless aware of the provisions of the Bombay Rent War Restrictions Act passed at the last meeting of the Legislative Council and of the provisions of Notification No. 1274-D, dated 2nd February 1918, issued by the Government of India under the Defence of India Rules for the regulation of rents below Rs. 10 per mensem paid by artisans and labourers. The Government of India have desired the Bombay Government to undertake legislation which will take the place of this notification and a bill with this object has been drafted and has been submitted to the Government of India for their approval. Considerable difficulty has been found in the application both of the Rent Restriction Act and of the notification in the City of Bombay. Although endeavours have been made to make the provisions of the notification known to the poorer inhabitants, there appear to be many who, if they have heard, are unable to take advantage of its provisions. On the receipt of complaints the Controller of Prices has done his best to enquire into them and has in many cases served upon the landlord a notice stating what the standard rent should be and to inform the tenant of such rent. In many cases, however, it is difficult to ascertain the exact amount of the former rent, and it is constantly necessary to refer to the Municipal records in the matter. The Municipality, moreover, is directly concerned, because any revision that takes place in the rents will entail a corresponding revision of the Municipal valuation. The Assessment Department has a large and skilled staff, while the Controller of Prices has got a very small staff at present and could only create one by requesting the loan of the services of the Municipal employees. It would seem, therefore, desirable from every point of view that the work in connection with low-rented buildings should be entrusted to the Municipal Departments. Power is taken by the new bill to appoint a Rent Controller for any area, and Government think it desirable that in the City of Bombay the Municipal Commissioner should be the Rent Controller, and I am to enquire whether the Corporation would agree to his undertaking this duty. It is expected that the greater part of the work could be done by the existing Municipal staff, but it would probably be necessary for the Municipal Commissioner to employ some extra staff, especially for making enquiries into alleged infringements of the Act and also into claims made by landlords to be entitled to charge higher rents on account of alterations and special repairs. I am to say that it would appear desirable to hand over the work to the Municipal Commissioner as soon as possible, and I am therefore to request the favour of an early reply from the Corporation to this matter."

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S VIEWS.

The Commissioner in forwarding the above letter to the Corporation, says:—

"If the powers vested in the Controller in regard to the rents of low rented buildings are to be exercised effectively in Bombay, it is, I think, necessary that the Controller should have a staff with the special qualifications and knowledge possessed by the Municipal Assessment Department. I agree in the view stated in the letter that either the powers should be transferred to the Municipal Commissioner, to be exercised through the existing staff (to be supplemented when necessary), or that the Controller should build up a separate organisation by borrowing the services of Municipal employees. I agree also in Government's view that the former alternative is preferable. I am quite unable at present to estimate what additional establishment will be necessary, as I have no means of calculating what additional work will be involved by the transfer of powers proposed. Some addition to the ward staff in certain parts of the City will be required, and it will almost certainly be necessary to appoint an Assistant Controller, of the rank of Deputy Assessor or Assistant Assessor. There will also be certain contingent expenditure not properly debitable to sanctioned grants. I therefore request that, if they agree to Government's proposal, the Corporation will authorise me to incur such expenditure on additional establishment and office expenses as may be necessitated by the transfer of the Controller's powers in regard to rents by way of an advance, to be adjusted against a grant from Government or Municipal funds when the appointment of the charges has been settled. I suggest that the Corporation should authorise me to correspond with Government on the subject of the final debit of these additional charges, on the understanding that unless Government agree to bear the whole cost, the matter will be brought before the Corporation for consideration."

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

There was slight rain during week throughout the Presidency proper except in Panch Mahals. More rain is needed everywhere. Preparation of lands for kharif cultivation is nearing completion. Sowing of kharif crops is considerably retarded owing to insufficiency of rain. Fodder-supply adequate except in parts of Hyderabad, Belgaum, Dharwar and Nawabshah districts. Agricultural stock is sufficient and cattle are in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation is sufficient.

SELLING FIREWOOD AT EXCESSIVE RATE.

ACCUSED FINED RS 50.

At the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. G. R. Khairaz, disposed of a case in which Inspector Davidson charged Hajibhoy Dattoo, a Mahomedan, with selling firewood, on April 23, at an excessive rate. The accused pleaded guilty and prayed for mercy.

Taking into consideration the facts that the accused charged eight annas only in excess of the rates prescribed by the Controller and that the accused had since sold firewood at the prescribed rates, the Magistrate sentenced the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 50.

PREVENTION OF INSANITARY AREAS.

BUILDING BY-LAWS TO BE AMENDED.

The following are extracts from the fourth report of the Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation regarding the amendment of the Municipal Law so as to obtain powers for regulating building operations with a view to preventing the formation of insanitary areas within the city:

In their report, dated the 15th September 1914, the Committee had recommended the adoption of what is known as the 63½ deg. rule which requires, roughly, that the open space between two houses which have rooms depending on that space for their lighting and ventilation shall be at least half as broad as the higher of the abutting houses is high so that the lowest rooms receive light at an angle of 2 to 1. They recommended that the rule should be applied not only in the case of new buildings but also in the case of old buildings whenever they were enlarged, reconstructed or subjected to substantial alterations which were not of the nature of necessary repairs. Under their Resolution No. 4733, dated the 12th October 1914, the Corporation approved of these recommendations with the exception of the recommendation made for the application of the 63½ deg. rule to existing buildings, which was referred back to the Committee for reconsideration. The Committee have very carefully considered the matter again, in consultation with the Commissioner and the Executive Engineer and the representatives of the Association of the Bombay Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, who were so good as to attend several meetings of the Committee and to give valuable advice. The Committee have submitted a separate report regarding the draft bye-law for the application of the 63½ deg. rule to new buildings with an expression of opinion that it should be made applicable only in cases of new buildings erected on sites previously unbuilt upon. As regards existing buildings, after considering the communications dealing with the question in all its aspects and after prolonged discussion and consultation the Committee concur in the opinion expressed by the Architects' Association that the application of the 63½ degree rule to existing buildings especially in the crowded parts of the City might result in hardship to owners of houses. At the same time it was admitted by the Architects that when the scale of minimum widths for open spaces was prescribed under Bye-law 41, it was intended that such spaces would be only half the full spaces required according to their view for adequate lighting and ventilation and that they reckoned on the full width required being made up from the neighbour's land and further that there was no justification for the widths of interior open spaces being less than those required in the case of exterior open spaces. The Committee therefore recommend that interior open spaces on which any habitable room, depending for its light thereon, abuts should have minimum widths of double the amounts set out in by-law 41 for the respective heights of buildings, viz.:—

Minimum width of interior open spaces.	Where height of building above the plinth does not exceed.
10 feet	22 feet
12 feet	33 feet
14 feet	44 feet
16 feet	55 feet
18 feet	66 feet
20 feet	66 feet
20 feet	where height exceeds 66 feet

REAR OPEN SPACES.

As regards rear open spaces the Committee concur in the opinion expressed by the Architects' Association that rear open spaces should not be enforced at the expense of private parties. If a continuous open space at the rear of houses is considered desirable it should, they consider, be acquired at public expense in the same way as set-backs in front of houses are acquired. They therefore recommend that steps may be taken to have the Municipal Act amended so as to empower the Municipal Commissioner to acquire set-backs at the rear of houses wherever necessary.

The Committee are of opinion that the existing by-laws should be amended so as to empower the Municipal Executive to prevent the owner of a house from adding to or increasing the height of existing structures if by so doing he is likely to reduce the light and air enjoyed by the house. They therefore beg to recommend that the proposal embodied in the Architects' Association's memorandum may be adopted.

The effect of adopting this proposal will be that if the owner of a house wishes to erect an additional storey which will interfere with the light and air previously enjoyed by the building, the Municipal Executive would have the right of insisting upon the proposed additional structure being set back. The proposed arrangement will admit of the old structure being retained whereas if the 63½ degree rule were applied in such cases, the old structure would have to be cut down.

In their previous report the Committee had recommended that the new by-laws should be applied in the case of old buildings whenever they were enlarged, reconstructed or subjected to substantial alterations which were not of the nature of necessary repairs. The Committee recommend that the same procedure may be adopted in giving effect to these revised proposals if approved. So long as the existing buildings remain substantially unaltered they should be left alone.

BOMBAY'S PETROL SUPPLY.

The Trustees of the Port of Bombay at their meeting held on the 2nd instant, approved a scheme for building an oil pier in the north of the harbour, connected by a pipe line with the Sewri Bulk Oil Installations. The provision of this pier will enable petrol in bulk to be dealt with at Bombay.

IMPROVEMENT OF SLUMS.

CORPORATION AND MR. ORR'S SUGGESTIONS.

The following are extracts from the fifth report of the Committee of the Corporation regarding the recommendations made by a Committee appointed by Government to examine certain questions raised in a lecture delivered by Mr. J. P. Orr, on the subject of light and air in dwellings in Bombay:—

Mr. Orr's lecture calls attention to the necessity of wiping out ill-ventilated and insufficiently lighted rooms and the desirability of adopting measures for the prevention of more rooms of this description coming into existence. Until section 378 of the Municipal Act was amended the Municipality had no power to prohibit the use of insanitary rooms for human habitation unless the whole house was closed at the same time. It was therefore difficult to deal with houses containing a large number of sanitary and a small number of insanitary rooms. This difficulty has, however, been obviated by the recent amendment of the section and action is now being taken to prohibit the use of insanitary rooms.

As regards the prevention of construction in future of houses containing such rooms, in order to ensure a sufficient amount of light and ventilation, Mr. Orr suggests the enforcement of the 63½ deg. rule. The Corporation have already approved of the application of the rule to new buildings and a draft bye-law to give effect to the proposal has been submitted with the recommendation that it should be applied in all cases of new buildings erected on sites previously unbuilt upon. As regards the application of the 63½ deg. rule to existing buildings, this question has been fully dealt with by the Committee in their fourth report, dated the 14th May, 1918. If the recommendations made in that report are approved of by the Corporation, Government may be informed that the Corporation do not consider it desirable to adopt the 63½ deg. standard for existing buildings, but that they propose certain modifications in the existing bye-laws which would materially achieve the object in view without causing the hardship involved in the proposal to apply the rule to existing buildings.

LIGHTING AND VENTILATION.

The Government Committee are emphatically of opinion that every inhabited tenement or room in a house which is used as a living room should be lighted and ventilated from a space other than a gully in which privies or drains discharge and that every room or tenement which is not so lighted and ventilated should be condemned as unfit for human habitation. This rule, they observe, will lead to the disappearance of side gullies and to light and ventilation being taken from the front and back or from large interior chowks. The course suggested is no doubt a desirable ideal to be aimed at but it is difficult to put it into practice under the existing conditions of the City, as it would result in the eviction of a very large number of people. The Committee consider that the recommendations made in their fourth report for the provision of side open spaces will result in a decided improvement in the sanitation of the City.

Mr. Orr has suggested, in order to prevent hardship and the raising of rents, that the prohibition against occupation of ill-ventilated and ill-lighted tenements should not be generally imposed immediately, but should be spread over Bombay within five years. The Government Committee, however, do not think that such extension of time will be required in practice. They point out that it will be necessary for the Municipality to take action in each individual case by inspection and notice and, if necessary by subsequent prosecution and that owing to limitations of establishment it is obvious that such works can only be done gradually and that there can be no doubt that it will be spread over a longer period than five years. The Committee concur in this observation and they beg to point out that it is doubtless desirable to close ill-lighted and ill-ventilalted rooms but that it is extremely undersirable to close them at a rate faster than the rate of providing accommodation for the displaced population.

PLACE OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE.

Although the Committee have stated their approval of the construction of chawls by Improvement Trust and their opinion that the Municipality should put up similar buildings, if required, they think that the housing of poorer classes in Bombay must, in the main, depend in the future, as it has in the past, on private enterprise. With regard to this question the Committee agree with the Government Committee that the housing of the poorer classes in Bombay must, in the main, depend on private enterprise. They are, however, of opinion that the cost of providing accommodation for persons displaced from congested areas should be considered a legitimate charge against the funds of the Improvement Trust. The Committee may add that it will probably not be necessary to provide such accommodation on an extensive scale as the Committee hope there will be a considerable improvement in the present situation partly as the result of private enterprise in putting up sanitary buildings in the City and partly as the result of the measures that the different public bodies have now under contemplation for the provision of housing accommodation for their employees.

"MANUAL OF HINDU ETHICS."

Rai Sahib K. Rangarao, Secretary Depressed Classes Mission, Mangalore, writes:—Mr. G. A. Chandavarkar has issued a revised and second edition of his "Manual of Hindu Ethics," and has assigned the profits of the publication to our Mission in aid of its scheme for housing the houseless Panchamas. The book gives a summary of the Ethical teachings of the Sacred Books of the East with Sanscrit Slokas and English translation thereof. The usefulness of the book has been recognised by such eminent scholars as Sir Rabindranath Tagore and Prof. R. K. Mukerjee, as well as by the Governments of H. E. H. The Nizam and their Highnesses the Maharajas of Mysore and Baroda. The book is eminently fitted for use in schools and for religious preaching and has 175 pages. It costs one rupee (exclusive of postage) and can be had from the Secretary of the Mission.

HOWITT-PHILLIPS DRAMATIC COMPANY.

"WITHIN THE LAW."

The Howitt-Phillips Company chose "Within the Law," an American Crook Drama, with which to open their 1918 season at the Royal Opera House. The play is a thoroughly good one and, when well acted, makes a very effective show. It concerns chiefly the history of a young girl, wrongly accused and convicted of theft from her employer, who on having served her sentence deliberately organises war against society and in particular against her former employer. Upon him she wreaks a subtle vengeance for she gets to know his son, makes him fall in love with her and marries him, confessing to him immediately after the marriage that she had married him solely in order to be revenged on his father. To the latter she reveals herself as the girl whose life he had by pressing a false accusation, broken and ruined. In the course of her anti-social campaign the girl—Mary Turner is her name—had allied herself to two crooks one of whom, a forger called Garson, is persuaded by a police-informer masquerading as a "crook to forsake the paths of safety he had pursued in company with Mary Turner, whose *coups* were always within the law, and to commit himself to a robbery which was in reality a police trap. He is saved from the police by Mary but only after he had shot the informer and only at the expense of her and her husband's capture by the police and arrest on suspicion of having committed murder. The rest of the play is mainly devoted to the methods of the police in their attempts to find and convict the persons who really killed the informer. In the end they succeed but the dramatist has worked out the success only at the cost of self-consistency in one of the characters, namely Garson who is made to confess in a bad attack of nervous fidgets. This is a bad structural weakness. It is almost inconceivable that a man like Garson, who had been arrested many times and had never been convicted, would have, so suddenly and without much cause, turned lily livered.

The performance was very patchy. Only two of the members of the caste did justice to their parts namely Miss Gertrude Godart and Mr. H. B. Waring. The former is to be congratulated on an excellent rendering of the part of Mary Turner. Our only criticism of her acting is that she did not infuse a sufficiency of sarcasm and bitterness into her references in the second act to the "wonderful crooked law" and the tortuous ways of society. Mr. Waring as the son of the Emporium owner was rather too consciously hilarious in the first act but he improved later and his acting in the love passages and the "powerful" drama of the third act was convincing. Quite creditable performances were given by Miss Doris Phillips and Mr. Young, the former as a female crook and the latter as a police inspector. Of the others none was remarkably good and a few were downright bad. What all the members of the Company want to learn chiefly is to pitch their voices in a robuster tone. If they were to make up their minds that they were engaged in the task of making a half-deaf man in the back seat of the gallery hear every word they utter, there would be a sensible improvement in the handling of the parts.

The play was very well received. It will be repeated to-night.

FREE PRIMARY EDUCATION

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT'S REVISED POLICY.

The following Press Note has been issued:—Government have decided to permit any Municipality, so desiring, to make primary education free (without also making it compulsory), provided that it undertakes—

(i) to provide such additional accommodation, staff and equipment as may be necessary to meet the increased number of pupils, and.

(ii) to provide sufficient funds, by taxation or otherwise, to meet its own share of the increased expenditure involved.

AN INCIDENT AT BORI BUNDER.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—May I request you to be so good as to spare a corner of your much esteemed journal for the following funny affair which took place last night at the Victoria Terminus Railway Station?

Last night I had been to the Station at about 9-15 to see my brother and relatives with families off to Madras. Mr. Ramji Kanji one of our relatives, reserved a whole Second-Class compartment and we were taken to the compartment by a porter. When we entered the car we found a lot of luggage, evidently belonging to some soldiers, lying inside. The Station Master being told about it ordered a porter to take the things out. In the meantime the ladies took their seats, when a soldier came and gave a blow to the porter before the Station Master, who was all the time standing there. This man is in the Bangalore Regiment. He began to use his fists and gave me and my brother some blows while we were remonstrating. We, of course, could not very well brook this sort of ruffianly treatment and, as such, returned some of the compliments, although I was suffering from fever and influenza. At this juncture several soldiers accompanied by the Assistant Station Master came and took him away by force. The Police came and took down our names and that of the Soldier. We were for placing the matter before the Police Court but one officer—a gentlemanly sort of man,—intervened and made the fellow apologise and pay Rs. 10 for feeding the cows. We have forwarded the sum to the Pinjrapole for the purpose. By the bye the Station Master was all the time silent but when the Police came he showed his willingness to appear before the court if need be. The other soldiers and ourselves parted as friends.

I would not have encroached on your valuable time but for the fact that the public should be warned about "Tommies" who behave rudely towards "Darkies."—Yours, etc.,

BHATIA VOLUNTEER.

July 3.

POONA C. B. DERBY AND ST. LEGER 1919

FIRST ENTRIES.

Entries closed on Sunday, 30th June, 1918.

THE C. B. DERBY.—Distance 7 furlongs.

H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's br cb m Cherson Lass, 3 years, (by Cherson-Psyche).
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's b cb h Cherson Bill, by Cherson-Parlour Maid, 3 years.
Mrs. A. Symonds' b cb m Peggy by Buxton-Romany Lass, 3 years.
Major A. de C. Rennick's b cb h Joffre by Vindicator-Joan of Arc, 2 years.
Colonel T. G. Peacocke's b cb h Mountain Apple by Sugar Apple-Brynbella, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. br cb h Mundercel by The Cellarer-Munderina, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. br cb h Alicel by The Cellarer-Alia, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. br cb m Avocel by The Cellarer-Avocett, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. ch cb h Buxtoncel by The Cellarer-Buxton Lass, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. ch cb m Harvestcel by The Cellarer-Harvest Queen, 2 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. b cb m Couradel by Delenda-Couralea, 2 years.
Mr. A. W. Essa's b cb h Apple Pie by Sugar Apple-Cowai, 3 years.
Captain Sirdar Singh of Shahpura's b cb h Courtier by Courage-Kitarro, 3 years.
Mr. F. M. Garda's br cb h Submarine by Sugar Apple-Dreadnought, 3 years.
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore's ch cb h Munro by Munderah-Coquarro, 3 years.
H. H. the Yuvaraja of Mysore's bl cb h Curzon by Cuirass-Kill Jenny, 3 years.
Mr. T. M. Key's br cb m Cider by Sugar Apple-Palm Wine, 3 years.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's b cb h Tipster by Sugar Apple-Cow Donna, 3 years.
Mr. F. A. Tarrant's br cb h Black Lead by Black Douglas-Muncrayon, 3 years.
Mr. C. Quinn Young's b cb m Lady Carbine, 3 years by wire by Black Drake-Dam by O'Trigger.

THE C. B. DERBY.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Capt. J. Crawford's b cb h The Shrew by Vigilance-Pastel.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b cb h Applewood by Sugar Apple-Cauvery, 3 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s bl cb h Coral by Cuirass-Coel, 3 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s bl cb h Cupid by Cuirass-Philopal, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb h Cuidon by Cuirass-Pardon, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm br cb h Corporal by Cuirass-Cow Phil Palm II, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm b cb h Suffona by Sugar Apple-Fabiana, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm bl cb h Belgravian by Black Douglas-Mun Coal Garnet, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm bl cb h Better Luck by Black Douglas-Betty, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb m Douglassie by Black Douglas-Colasi, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm bl cb m Mungar by Munderah-Kilgarnet, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb m Manas by Munderah-Astolat, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb m Doughty by Black Douglas-CowKil Fillum, 2 years.

THE C. B. ST. LEGER.—Distance 1¼ miles.

H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's br cb m Cherson Lass, 3 years.
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's b cb h Cherson Bill, 3 years.
Mrs. A. Symonds' b cb m Peggy, 3 years.
Major A. de C. Rennick's b cb h Joffre, 2 years
Mr. C. Quinn Young's b cb m Lady Carbine, 3 years, by wire.
Col. T. G. Peacocke's b cb h Mountain Apple, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. br cb h Mundercel, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. br cb h Alicel, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. br cb m Avocel, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. ch cb h Buxtoncel, 3 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. ch cb m Harvestcel, 2 years.
H. H. the Nizam's Stud Deptt. b cb m Couradel, 2 years.
Mr. A. W. Essa's b cb h Apple Pie, 3 years.
Capt. Sirdar Singh of Shahpura's b cb h Courtier, 3 years.
Mr. F. M. Garda's br cb h Submarine, 3 years.

THE C. B. ST. LEGER.—Distance 1¼ miles.

H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore's ch cb h Munro, 3 years.
H. H. the Yuvaraja of Mysore's bl cb h Curzon, 3 years.
Mr. T. M. Key's br cb m Cider, 3 years.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's b cb h Tipster, 3 years.
Mr. F. A. Tarrant's br cb h Black Lead, 3 years.
Capt. J. Crawford's b cb m The Shrew.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b cb h Applewood, 3 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s bl cb h Coral, 3 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s bl cb h Cupid, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb h Cuidon 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm br cb h Corporal, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm b cb h Suffona 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm bl cb h Belgravian, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm bl cb h Better Luck, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb m Douglassie, 2 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm bl cb m Mungar, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb m Manas, 3 years.
Mysore Government Stud Farm ch cb m Doughty, 2 years.

NOTICE.

The following forfeits are due on the above races:—

If left in after 1st January 1919, Rs. 20.
If left in after 30th June 1919, a further Rs. 20.
With Rs. 25 extra for starters.

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July 14—The Alfred Cricket Club.
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July 21—Zingari Club.
July 27—"Times of India."
July 28—Elphinstone, College Gymkhana.
August 3—Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.
August 4—Telegraph Recreation Club.
August 10—Mercantile Bank of India.
August 11—The Rangers' Cricket Club.
August 17—Cathedral High School.
August 18—Orion Sporting Association.
August 21—The Bombay Telephone Co.
August 24—Marine Wanderers.
August 28—Fire Brigade Cricket Club, Byculla.
August 31—Paper Currency Office.
September 1—Bombay Rifles No. 2 Coy.
September 7—G. I. P. Athletic Club.
September 10—Cathedral High Schoo
September 11—G. I. P. Athletic C
September 14—Mercantile Ban
September 15—The Alfred Cr
September 16—Fire Brigade
cella.
September 21—Bombay Ga
September 28—Sydenham
September 29—Hongk
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Correspondents are requested to note that no contributions of any kind will be considered unless accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith. Contributions which do not conform to this rule are destroyed.

Rejected contributions cannot be returned and are immediately destroyed. Correspondents and contributors should keep copies of their MS. Badly written, illegible or dirty manuscript will not be considered. Correspondents are requested not to send manuscript by book-post with open covers.

On no account will the Editor enter into any discussion either by correspondence or otherwise regarding rejected manuscript, unless it is considered desirable to reply under the heading, "Answer to Correspondents."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

"SWARAJWADI"—What you say has already been said in these columns.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, 5th July, 1918.

THE EXCISE SCANDAL.

The state of affairs in connection with the liquor contract which the Excise Department of the Government of Bombay, meaning Mr. MacDonald, the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, have given to Messrs. Carew & Co., has gone from bad to worse. Our readers have already been made acquainted with the circumstances in which the entire contract for the supply of liquor was taken away from the Uran distillers who had served the Government for something like a century and placed in the hands of Messrs. Carew & Co., a European firm, on preferential terms. The new arrangement dated from April 1st last and the manner in which Messrs. Carew's supplies commenced is interesting. The Uran Distillers were cooly asked to hand over all their existing stocks to Messrs. Carew & Co. They might, of course, in anticipation of this, have refused to manufacture in excess of the supply up to March 31st, in which case Messrs. Carew apparently,—in view of the sequel,—would have had no liquor to supply to the licensed victuallers. But they did not. With the consideration,—excessive consideration,—with which they have treated the Department throughout, they used up the whole of their stocks of Mhowra flowers and complied with the request of the Department, handing over to Messrs. Carew & Co. at the end of their contracts, a supply sufficient to last for about two months.

Now, it is almost incredible, but it would seem to be a fact, that this was practically all the liquor Messrs. Carew & Co. had for supply of liquor to Bombay, the contract for which they had undertaken. On June 21st, when the licensees tendered their "chalans" at the Sewree Warehouse, which has been newly opened for the issue of liquor to the licensees of Bombay, they were refused by the Inspector in charge of the warehouse for the reason that there was no stock of liquor for issue. For two months Messrs. Carew & Co. were able to rely on the stocks they had received from the Uran distilleries. Putting aside the obligation that should have lain upon them under their contract to supply themselves from April 1st, that gave them ample time to prepare stocks for the time when the Uran supply came to an end. But they were unequal to the task. There can be no excuse for such a failure to fulfil the terms of the contract and we should like to know what steps Government are taking to bring the contractors to book, for there must surely be some penal clause or clauses in the contract to provide against such a contingency. Assuming that to be so, have they been put in force, and, if not, why not? Already, as we are informed, many shops in the districts had been obliged to close owing to the inability of Messrs. Carew & Co. to supply them with liquor and others are likely, of course, to follow suit. And now the Department is faced with the same situation in Bombay. What do they propose to do? Temperance advocates, among whom we are to be numbered, will naturally be rejoiced at the thought that so much temptation is to be, for the time being, at any rate, removed from the path of the poor people, and would not be sorry to see a total failure of the supply throughout the Presidency. But that does not relieve Government of its responsibility for a most disgraceful bungle, and the grave charge of having taken large sums of money from the licensees for an obligation which their contractors cannot fulfil. Our readers will remember that this year the licenses were put up to auction, in the face of almost unanimous public protests. Having taken the money in this way from the licensees what are Government going to do if they cannot fulfil the obligation? In what sort of position are the people left who have been thus mulcted and now have to close their shops because Mr. MacDonald was so hypnotised by the *beaux yeux* of Messrs. Carew and Co.? And who will make up the loss of revenue, caused by this bungle?

Paucity of supply, however, is not the only complaint which the licensees have to make. We have received a copy of a petition which the licensees of Bombay have forwarded to the Collector, according to which complaints are received by the licensees from their customers regarding the quality of the Mussala liquor. Formerly, they say, when this liquor was supplied by the Uran and Surat distilleries, it was "good and appreciated." Now, it is alleged, the "consumers complain that it is entirely bad and tasteless." It is stated that this is due to the mixing with the Mhowra flowers of different kinds of essences. The resultant concoction is turbid in colour and tasteless. In former days the Uran distillers were very strictly dealt with and rightly so, unless the liquor was clear as crystal. Are Messrs. Carew and Co. treated with equal strictness? It would seem that they are not. We again press upon the Government of Bombay the urgency of putting an end to the scandal that the whole business constitutes. The petition of the licensees to the Collector provides an opportunity of which they would do well to avail themselves.

BULLYING INDIA.

John Viscount Morley is no random politician, but one of the lamp lights of that worthy school of liberalism which is now almost at the point of extinction on account of the stormy rush of a band of younger, violent and ambitious men. A vast gulf separated Mill and Richard Cobden from Asquith, Grey and Haldane, and a much wider abysm separates "honest John" from the "jingo" Imperialists of to-day. Whatever, therefore, he says comes with a peculiar force, and deserves the attention of serious men. In his "Recollections" there occurs a page of singular interest to India, which throws a flood of light on many an obscure mystery of British administration of India. Morley's name is indissolubly linked with "Home Rule for Ireland," because a more indefatigable advocate of a "progressive policy" regarding the treatment of all Irish problems could not easily be found. He advocated Home Rule for Ireland at a time when the wind of opposition blew furiously in his face and few felt any compunction for him when any adverse event in Ireland contributed to his discomfiture. In his own words he "fought the battle pretty much alone," and consequently the notorious Phoenix Park tragedy of the 6th May, 1882 proved a hard and sore trial for all those who were "sticking up" for Ireland. But Morley's manly attitude towards the unfortunate Island brought down an avalanche of crushing criticsm upon him. Among others Sir Alfred Lyall, —"the best of bureaucrats,—poet and thinker, statesman and governor and above all a serious writer of no mean repute" addressing Morley on the subject wrote "in a warm strain against the lesson" he thought men like Morley were teaching "the *dangerous classes* in India," when they showed that men could "terrorise by assassination within a few miles of England." To this the following reply:—

"What sort of a lesson," you ask, "are we teaching the dangerous classes in India?" *You mean that we are to bully the Irish in order that you may bully the Indian.* (Italics ours). Well that is not my notion of the fitness of things. I have no particular objection to you getting up Afghan wars and trifles of that kind, for the sake of overawing your dangerous classes, but I have the very liveliest objection in the world to making the dangerous classes in India the arbiters in the domestic struggle of our own country. If this is to be an argument, I shall at last throw in my lot, might and main, with the 'Perish India' sect."

We would do well to recall, while reading this famous passage, that the reference to "Afghan wars and trifles of that kind" is not altogether a hypothetical or merely argumentative one, but has to the real Afghan wars of the early 'eighties with all the disasterous consequences to the Indian Exchequer behind it. Now let us see where we stand. Here is a liberal, quite the honestest of his breed, who, in the face of political assassinations, does not fail to recognise that England's "neglect" of Ireland has been "infamous," and who is honest enough to declare his determination to stand by Ireland, even if such a step leads to the loss of India as a dependency—who refuses to sanction the *bullying* of Ireland in order that the bureaucrats and their allies might bully India. All this is with respect to domestic politics (a less domestic change seems to have overtaken the responsible ministers now). But in reference to India he is ready to suffer even the terrible tragedy of "getting up" wars on the frontier to overawe "the dangerous classes in India"—bullying Indians to the same end would be a comparatively innocent" pastime, when "Afghan wars and trifles of that kind" are sanctioned for the purpose of overawing the dangerous classes in India (whatever those may be, they certainly are not the dacoits and cutthroats, for much less iniquitous pastimes than wars are enough to stamp them out of existence altogether). The other gentleman described as "the best bureaucrat" by Morley is for stilling the voice of honesty even in matters of domestic importance, so that the dangerous classes in India should not get wrong notions into their heads. One feels keen curiosity regarding the exact identity of these dangerous classes, whose existence in India can be the cause of such inordinate solicitude in high quarters. May they not be "the people of India" who were the subject of Lord Morley's famous observation made during a speech in the House of Commons on June 6th, 1907, when he said "I do not say for a moment that they like us. It does not come easy, in West or East, to like foreign rule"? Or can they be "This educated section is making and will make all the difference. That they would sharply criticise the British system of Government has been long known . . . they have little to lose and much to gain from far-reaching changes . . ." described in the same speech? Curiosity is not always well-repaid; it lands one in awkward places at times. But whoever these dangerous classes may be, the moral is irresistable. Bullying is the first letter of a bureaucrat's alphabet in Indian lessons —even iniquitous wars may be no more than happy strokes of administrative policy! However horrifying the conclusion may be, the logical process by which it is arrived at is flawless. But we are quite willing to acquit the bureaucrats, with their soulless machinery of automatic administration, of the heartless atrocity of 'getting up Afghan wars and trifles of that kind' with a view to overawe the dangerous classes in India, but there is no getting away from the other position. One wonders what policy is now at the bottom of the abandonment or postponement of Home Rule for Ireland! Are the Irish suffering for their own infamous conduct or for the sins of the Indians? Considering that there is not one man in the Cabinet to-day who is worthy of touching the hem of Morley's liberal mantle, the answer to our querry seems difficult of pronunciation. And there is abundant material in the Secretary of States' language in Parliament, and the Governor of Bombay's language in the War Conference—not to mention scores of other incidents of allied nature—to warrant the assertion that India and Indians are being bullied with a vengeance.

ADMISSION REFUSED!

Even with the establishment of three new colleges, it has been found difficult to cope with the increasing number of students seeking admission. The arbitrary restriction of the number of students of the new colleges by the Bombay University has increased the difficulties of students. Of the older colleges, Government colleges seem to imagine that it is no concern of theirs to find room for students knocking at their door. They have closed their doors against them, even when they can accommodate them. In their own interests, Government should look into the matter and increase the number of admissions in their colleges. They should not throw the entire responsibility of educating the students beyond a certain arbitrarily fixed number upon the private colleges. The newly acquired Gujarat College has 645 students on its rolls and it does not seem to have suffered in any way in efficiency. The Deccan and Elphinstone Colleges educate only 323 and 296 students, respectively. There is not much difference in the cost of maintaining a college of 300 and 600. The total cost of the Gujarat College is a lakh. The Deccan College costs 92,000 and the Elphinstone is responsible for a lakh and a quarter. But the Gujarat College educates double the number of students trained in Elphinstone and Deccan Colleges. The fee receipts of the Gujarat College are necessarily highest of all Government colleges and the net cost of the Gujarat College is lower than that of the Deccan or the Elphinstone College. The Gujarat College educates double the number and costs much less than the Presidency College. We earnestly request Government to remove the self-inspired and meaningless restriction of the number of students in their colleges and reduce the burden on the Provincial revenues. It seems a paradox that a college costs lesser, the greater the number of its students, but the statement is nevertheless true. A student in the Gujarat College costs Government per head Rs. 96-4-0, but a student of the Deccan College costs Rs. 239 and the average cost of the Elphinstone student amounts to Rs. 221. With all these facts before them, it is simply absurd for Government to persist in keeping the number of students in their colleges small. Dr. Selby had much to do with this shortsighted policy, mainly for the satisfaction it gave to him to record in his reports that so many hundreds were refused admission in the Deccan College. The Calcutta Presidency College is one of the best attended colleges and we do not see why our Presidency College should be content with only 300 students. The Ferguson College educates more students than all the Government colleges put together. If it were a matter of more money, the unwillingness of Government to throw open its portals could be understood. But here it is actually a question of bringing more money into the colleges of Government. Our Government is peculiarly susceptiblle to such an argument and it is hoped that it will issue instructions to its Principals to do the needful in the matter. As for the new colleges, it is hard upon them to restrict their number and stunt their growth in the very beginning. The New Poona College had to come before the University within a few months of its existence, asking for an increase of students. The Karnatak College also is reported to have refused admission to many students. As the rules at present stand, both the Senate and the Syndicate have to be moved, before the number of students is increased. It is a wasteful and laborious procedure and frequently means a delay of one year. What are the students to do, who have been refused admission this year? Many colleges have refused admission to second year students this year and we are not disposed to blame them, considering that they are allowed to educate only a set number of students. But the system obviously entails a great injustice to the student world and it is for the University member to take up the question seriously both in and out of the Council. Whatever may be the feelings of Government, it would be rank folly for the University to devise means to keep out the students. It may rejoice the heart of a sun-dried bureaucrat to see the number of students falling off. But the heart of the University must bleed for the students barred out of the colleges, under her own instructions. What induced the University to follow in the footsteps of Government and restrict the number of students? By all means require the colleges to increase the accommodation and staff along with the increase in the number of students. But restriction of the number of students is absolutely meaningless and positively cruel.

Such is the tale of colleges in the Presidency. We cannot describe our feelings when we view the state of secondary schools. Government entirely control secondary education and they have restricted the number of students in every school, aided or unaided. Even if the managers are prepared to find increased accommodation, their applications for an increase of students are frequently refused. In other countries and in other climes, why, even in the neighbouring Native States, the problem of free secondary education is being tackled. But here Government have mounted guard to see whether a student over and above the number allowed is educated. A clean sweep should be made of all these wooden and many times iron restrictions and education allowed to develop on healthy and natural lines. It is not a thing we need be afraid of. The more we have of education, especially the higher forms of it, the more will it bless the nation, Government included. We cannot allow "Admission Refused," to be the last word on education. "Admission Found" should be the word and it is high time for Government to learn to spell it.

Official and Personal.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon visited the Jail at Yeravda on Wednesday morning, and was present at a Social held at the Connaught Institute the same evening.

Notes of the Day.

What we are fighting for.

Speaking at Washington's tomb at Mount Vernon yesterday, President Wilson said that Washington, like the Barons at Runnimede, spoke and acted for all mankind. It is the simple truth that if there is any statesmen in the whole civilized world who now speaks and acts for all mankind it is President Wilson himself. For no statesman on the side of the Allies has shown so masterful a grip of the real motive that is working through this tragedy and so clear an apprehension of the means of its accomplishment, because his detachment from the confused motives of European polices has enabled him to see the conflict in its true perspective. He has given a new emphasis to the faith and the purpose which underlie this war so far as the Allies are concerned:

"We seek the reign of law based upon the consent of the governed, and sustained by the organised opinion of mankind."

"Forces which cannot be crushed."

"Prussia's blinded rulers," he added, "had aroused forces of which they knew little, forces which could not be crushed because they had at heart an inspiration and purpose, which was deathless and was of the very stuff of triumph." As men have grown accustomed to the war, many of them have gradually subsided into little Prussians which they themselves had always been by nature. It is because there are such men in Allied countries, men entrusted with authority, that one realises how necessary it is that President Wilson should go on giving us these noble truths to repeat.

Condition In Austria.

Recent telegrams have furnished ample evidence of the growing discontent and war-weariness among the Austrian masses. During the last week of June, 80,000 strikers, including men in war industries, were out in Vienna and lower Austria, owing to the reduction of the bread ration. Some terrible pictures of the suffering of the working classes in Bohemia are drawn by a correspondent of the Vienna Socialist "Arbeiter-Zeitung," who accompanied the Emperor of Austria on his recent tour through these districts. Everywhere the Emperor was met by deputations who described to him the dreadful scarcity of food and the hunger and starvation suffered by the population. In the Warnsdorf district one speaker described how women travelled for miles to obtain potatoes and grain often in exchange for articles of clothing. When they arrived back at their railway stations, however, it was generally all taken by the police. In another district, a representative said to the Emperor:

The people have now received no baking flour for five weeks, and have to be content with 900cwt., which means one loaf per week. For during the last two months there have been no potatoes in any of their homes. In February the fat tickets fell into disuse because no fats arrived. In addition they receive irregularly only 12 kilogrammes (about 26lb.) of coal per week, and so had to freeze in addition to starving.

A Peculiar Order.

A correspondent writing from Mhow Cantonment says that the local agent of the Asiatic Petroleum Co. is authorised by the Cantonment Committe to sell "Rising Sun" brand white oil to Europeans only at Rs. 3-11 per tin and to sell to Indians in bottles at As. 3. The Indians are thus charged Re 1-1 per tin in excess as compared with Europeans (taking 22 bottles to one tin and As. 10 as the cost of the empty tin). This seems to be a very extraordinary action on the part of the Cantonment Committee, who, if the state of affairs is as described, will do well to revise their order. There is no reason why people who buy by the bottle should be forced to pay a higher rate than those who are fortunate enough to be able to buy by the tin.

The Parsi Translation Fund.

We are pleased to notice the substantial support accorded by the Trustees of the Translation Fund in charge of the Parsi Panchayat to the publications of Mr. Amuzanda and Mr. Nariman. The original founder of the fund was actuated with liberal religious zeal and desired that the progress in religious research affecting Zoroastrianism made in the West should be made known by means of translations to the generality of the Parsi community. And various scholars both in Europe and America have had their productions patronised from this fund which is administered with foresight and fairness. Indeed, nothing less could be expected from the distinguished leader of learning in the Parsi community, Mr. M. P. Khareghat, I.C.S. (retired), who is doing a considerable deal of silent good work for the betterment of the community. Mr. Amuzanda's edition of the *Shahname* may not strictly belong to the category of translation; but the Trustees have wisely followed the policy of including all books which are calculated to throw light on Parsi antiquity among the list of productions which they have to subsidize. As regards Mr. Nariman's book, it is creditable to those concerned that they have accorded it patronage, although it is subversive of some of the rooted traditional beliefs of the community. The other communities may well envy the Parsis their men of probity and energy who manage some of their charitable and other funds with marked success and satisfaction.

BRITISH FRONT.

ENEMY RECAPTURE SOME GROUND.

SUCCESSFUL RAIDS IN THREE SECTORS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3. 1-0 p.m.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

A British communiqué says after heavy bombardment the enemy last night attacked and recaptured a great part of the ground taken by us in a minor operation on the evening of the 30th June. We carried out successful raids in the neighbourhoods of Boyelles, Moyenville and Merris taking a few prisoners in each case.

ENEMY ANXIETY TO HOLD GROUND N. W. OF ALBERT.

FINDING POSITION INTO LERABLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 12 noon, July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters wiring to-day says the enemy's desperate anxiety to hold on to the high ground north-west of Albert is interesting and possibly significant. Since the March offensive carried his line almost to Louzincourt we have been steadily pushing him back till we have obtained direct observation of his movements in the Ancre valley and have been thereby enabled to keep his communications under a harassing fire. It is not surprising therefore that he has found the position intolerable. We may still have something to say about the ownership of these apparently unimportant acres.

13 AEROPLANES SHOT DOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, 11-25 p.m. July 3.
Recd. 10-35 p.m. July 4.

In a communiqué with regard to aviation Field-Marshal Haig says: Weather on July 2nd was fine but hazy. Our machines worked as usual, but the enemy was less active. We destroyed thirteen aeroplanes and drove down nine out of control. Four of ours are missing. We dropped nineteen tons of bombs on enemy railways, dumps and billets.

SUCCESSFUL FRENCH OPERATIONS.

HOSTILE ATTACK W. OF CHATEAU THIERRY FAILS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3, 3-50 p.m.,
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4

A French communiqué says between the Oise and the Aisne we executed a local operation north of Moulin-sous-Touvent and captured the enemy positions on a front of three kilometres to a depth of 800 metres at some points. Hitherto we have counted 220 prisoners.

West of Chateau Thierry, a hostile counter-attack in the region of Vaux failed under our fire and we took prisoners. German attempts north-east of Moncel in the upper Alsace were also without result.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON FRENCH FRONT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 4, 1-20 a.m.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., July 4.

Last night's French communiqué said: Artillery activity was reciprocal in the region of Vauquois and on the right of the Meuse. Total prisoners captured in the region north of Moulin-sous-Touvent has reached 457. We also captured 30 machine-guns.

NOTHING TO REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3. 10-15 p.m.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., July 4.

In to-night's communiqué Field-Marshal Haig says: There is nothing to report.

SHIPBUILDING IN UNITED KINGDOM.

INCREASE OF 78 PERCENT IN TOTAL TONNAGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

The Admiralty announces that 1 34,159 tons of merchantmen were completed in the United Kingdom in June compared with 197,274 in May. The total for the year ending June 30th is 1,431,150 tons. The Controller of merchant shipbuilding comments that it is encourging to note that the tonnage of merchantmen completed in the United Kingdom for the quarter ending June 30th, shows an increase of 78 per cent. over the corresponding quarter of 1917.

A GLOWING TRIBUTE BY PRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 12 noon, July 4.

All newspapers pay a glowing tribute to the late Lord Rhondda who is regarded as one of the figures of the war. The full story has not yet been told of how while chief of the most unpopular ministerial office Lord Rhondda, by his great business organising ability largely contributed to saving the situation when food difficulties in Britain threatened to neutralise the good work of the armies, but sufficient is known for the people to remember him with deep gratitude.

FURTHER ITALIAN THRUSTS.

COUNTER-ATTACK REPULSED N. W. OF GRAPPA

FRENCH COUP-DE MAIN IN ZOCCHI.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 12 noon, July 4.

An Italian communiqué says we carried out yesterday a series of energetic thrusts on the lower Piave gaining ground in spite of obstinate resistance and difficulties of the ground which was partly flooded. We took 1,500 prisoners including 45 officers and many machine-guns and trench mortars.

We repulsed a counter-attack north-west of Grappa where prisoners now total 25 officers and 596 men and captures include 22 machine-guns and a large quantity of war materials.

French parties achieved a brilliant *coup-de-main* in the Zocchi region of the Asiago plateau and brought back prisoners.

THE ITALIAN SUCCESS.

A REMARKABLE ACHIEVEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3, 11-45 p.m.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at the Italian Headquarters telegraphing to-day says:—

The region of the lower Piave, between Santa-dona and the sea, is hardly good ground for fighting. Few raised causeways are the only possible means of advance across the marshes and the lagoons. The Italian success yesterday in which they took 1,900 prisoners was therefore a remarkable achievement. Both sides have plenty or artillery in the district and both keep communications under heavy fire. Moreover, the possibilities of an advance being restricted to a narrow space, it is easy to post machine-guns for defence.

BRITISH AVIATORS BOMB ENEMY BASE AT CATTARO.

A SHIP SET ON FIRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

ROME.—The Admiralty announces that five British aeroplanes dropped a ton of bombs on the enemy base at Cattaro. A ship near the submarine base was set on fire and one bomb fell in the middle of the submarine quarter. All returned safely.

COMBING OUT MINERS FROM COLLIERIES.

HOW SHORTAGE IN OUTPUT OF COAL IS TO BE MET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4

The Press Bureau states that the withdrawal of 75,000 miners from the British collieries involves 22½ million tons reduced coal output. It is also estimated that extra 12½ million tons will be required for war purposes for France, Italy and neutrals and coaling stations. The shortage of British consumption thus amounts to 35 million tons per annum.

The rationing scheme will save eight million tons leaving 27 million to be provided by improved output and economies in industrial and transport consumption. This is a serious outlook, therefore, it is imperative that there should be every possible economy.

GENERAL GOUGH'S CASE.

QUESTIONS IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 4.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Ivor Phillips, Mr. Macpherson said it had been impossible in the present circumstances to collect all the information bearing on the case of General Gough as to enable Field-Marshal Haig to submit a definite opinion. The Army Council were urging that efforts should be made to complete the investigation.

Sir Edward Carson asked whether Field-Marshal Haig had reported on the conduct of General Gough.

Mr. Macpherson replied 'No.'

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

EXHORTS IRISHMEN TO RALLY TO ALLIES' SUPPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 12 noon, July 4.

NEW YORK.—An enthusiastic meeting of the United Irish League passed a resolution calling upon Irishmen in Ireland to rally to support the Allies' efforts to defeat the oppressor of small nationalities and to free the victims of German terrorism.

BRILLIANT AMERICAN STAND.

ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACKS SHATTERED.

AT VAUX AND BOIS DE LA ROCHE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 4.

Reuter's correspondent with the American Headquarters wiring to-day says the enemy this morning counter-attacked with massed groups of fresh storm troops against the Americans' new positions at Vaux and Bois de la Roche. The entire attack was broken up by intense American artillery and machine-gun fire, without the loss of a foot of ground. Parts of the ground were piled up with the enemy dead. Subsequently, violent artillery fire continued for some time and many enemy batteries were silenced. Further German attacks are anticipated.

The American flying squadrons are very active. Several German aeroplanes have been brought down. Airman Roosevelt, the youngest son of the ex-president, is fighting in this sector.

720,000 AMERICAN TROOPS TO FRANCE.

GERMAN ILLUSIONS BEING SHATTERED

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 4.

Newspapers comment on the amazing feat revealed by Mr. Baker's figures, thus affording a fresh evidence that the German illusions were being painfully shattered. The most remarkable feature is that over 720,000 American troops have been rushed over to France since March 22nd. Before that, the monthly reinforcements reached only 48,000. Attention is also drawn to the vigorous local thrusts of the Americans on the western front.

276,372 AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN FRANCE IN JUNE.

ONLY 391 LOST AT SEA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

WASHINGTON.—War Secretary, Baker, states that 276,372 American soldiers sailed for France in June. Altogether only 391 have been lost at sea. President Wilson says this record must cause universal satisfaction because the heart of America is unquestionably in the war.

THREE RAIDS IN VOSGES.

REPULSED BY AMERICANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, 4-10 a.m., July 4.
Recd. 10-35 p.m., July 4.

An American communiqué says: There was intense reciprocal artillery fire Northward of Chateau-Thierry. We repulsed three raids in Vosges.

TRIBUTE TO LORD RHONDDA.

"GAVE HIS LIFE FOR THE COUNTRY"

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 4.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law and Mr. Asquith paid a warm tribute to the services of Lord Rhondda. Mr. Bonar Law said his courage, tenacity and ability had enabled him largely to overcome the difficulties due to submarinism. He mentioned that the disease from which Lord Rhondda died originated from exposure on the occasion of the sinking of the Lusitania.

The Premier had telegraphed to Lady Rhondda saying that Lord Rhondda gave his life for the country.

CASUALTIES IN SHELL FACTORY EXPLOSION.

100 KILLED AND 100 INJURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 12 noon, July 4.

In the House of Commons Mr. Kellaway stated he feared that 100 had been killed and 100 injured in the munitions explosion at the shell filling factory in the Midlands. The employees behaved magnificently. Many after scattering at the first explosion returned and assisted in rescuing the wounded. There was no panic. Three shifts were already running in parts of the factory.

DANGEROUS ASSOCIATIONS.

GAZETTE PROCLAMATION IN IRELAND

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 10-35 p.m. July 4.

The "Dublin Gazette" contains a proclamation declaring the following associations to be dangerous:

Sinnfein organisation, Sinnfein clubs Irish volunteers, the Cuiann Gamban and the Gaelic League.

THE SUPREME ISSUE.

FIGHT FOR REIGN OF LAW.

WITH CONSENT OF THE GOVERNED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 8-30 p.m., July 4.

NEW YORK.—President Wilson speaking at Washington's tomb at Mount Vernon said that Washington like the Barons at Runnimede, spoke and acted for all mankind, hence Washington's tomb was the appropriate place to avow anew America's faith and purpose in the present world tragedy. On the one hand, stood many peoples and opposed to them stood a friendless group of Governments, with purely selfish ambitions, controlling many armies and disposing of peoples' lives at will—governments clothed with the trappings and primitive authority of an age, alien and hostile to ours. In such a struggle, there could be no compromise or halfway decision. The objects for which America was fighting could be put into one sentence.

"We seek the reign of law based upon the consent of the governed, and sustained by the organised opinion of mankind."

Prussia's blinded rulers had aroused forces of which they knew little, forces which could not be crushed because they had at heart an inspiration and purpose, which was deathless and was of the very stuff of triumph.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AT THE FRONT.

MAGNIFICENT SPORTS BY CANADIAN CORPS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 4, 12-45 a.m.
Recd. 4-35 p.m., July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters telegraphing on the 3rd says:

The Duke of Connaught's visit to the British front concluded to-day, when, accompanied by Earl of Athlone and in the presence of the King of the Belgians, he bestowed decorations on the Belgian officers and men. The Duke of Connaught inspected some American units and expressed high appreciation of their fine physique and soldierly appearance.

The great event of the visit was the sports of the Canadian Corps on the Dominion Day, which was a magnificent spectacle. The arena was almost encircled with grand stands thronged with soldiers from all parts of the Empire. The track embraced baseball ground, tennis courts, boxing ring and other olympic paraphernalia. All events were contested between the divisions, of which the Corps is composed and aroused wildest enthusiasm among the spectators. The spectacle of the day was a march round the arena of massed pipe bands of the Canadian division. Overhead aeroplanes on guard circled round the arena.

The Duke on the day of his arrival lunched with the Commander-in-Chief and met General Petain and Marshal Foch. He bestowed decorations on the French troops, whom he inspected and was initiated into the mysteries of the latest tank developments.

U. S. TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES.

PROPOSED GOVERNMENT CONTROL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 2.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., July 4.

WASHINGTON.—A resolution has been introduced into the House of Representatives authorising the Government to control telegraphs and telephones. This action has been taken to prevent the threatened strike of the employees in one of the great telegraph systems.

BREACH IN ECONOMIC BLOCKADE.

MILITARY AID IN SIBERIA SUGGESTED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 10-35 p.m. July 4.

A telegram to the "Daily Mail" from Harbin dated 26th June says: The Chinese have been sending to Russia large quantities of cottons, blankets, fats, oils, coffee and other goods vitally needed in Germany since the removal of the embargo on exports which was originally intended to complete the blockade of Germany in the East. The Chinese urge the necessity for benefiting compatriots in Russia needing supplies, but there is reason to believe that the goods reach Germans.

The "Daily Mail" in an editorial article urges on the Allies the necessity for immediate action in helping Russia through Siberia by military assistance which will place the necessaries of life within the reach of the prostrate population as the only counterstroke to German domination of European Russia.

FROM BANGKOK TO PENANG

RAILWAY SERVICE OPENED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 1.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

BANGKOK.—The railway service to Penang has been opened shortening the communication with Europe by three days.

SHOCKING HUN BARBARITY.

MASSACRE OF WOUNDED AND PRISONERS.

STORY BY FRENCH EYE-WITNESSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

PARIS.—A French army order has been issued, showing that the Germans are again resorting to killing the wounded and the prisoners, the evidence coming from the escaped French prisoners from different parts of the West front. For example, on taking Antsenay the enemy massacred the prisoners, several of whom were wounded. A French soldier saw the Germans kill the French prisoners with bayonets at Olizy. At another place the Germans fixed bayonets and finished off all the French wounded. These instances occurred recently.

SINKING OF LLANDOVERY CASTLE.

AMERICAN PRESS INDIGUANT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 12 noon, July 4.

NEW YORK.—Editorial articles in the newspapers reflect the horror at the torpedoing of the Llandovery Castle.

The "New York Times" demands Allied action towards the excommunication of Germany from the civilised nations.

The "Sun" says, the crime will make Germany's name a reproach.

The "World" declares that Germany is inviting a fearful retribution.

The "Herald" says the torpedoing is another reason why everything German should be execrated by decent people for all time.

A WHITEWASHING GERMAN LIE.

LOSS ATTRIBUTED TO A BRITISH MINE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

AMSTERDAM.—On receiving the first bare intelligence that the Llandovery Castle had been submarined, Berlin hastily issued a semi-official statement attributing the loss to a British mine.

RUSSIAN REPUBLIC AND INDUSTRIAL UNDERTAKINGS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, June 3.
Recd. 10-35 p.m. July 4.

A wireless Russian official message says: A decree of Government-in-Council nationalises all important industrial undertakings with all capital and property within the republic.

ADULTERATION OF INDIAN PRODUCTS.

MR. MONTAGU ON REMEDIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 1.
Recd. 10-35 p.m., July 4.

In the House of Commons, replying to Col. Yate, Mr. Montagu stated that the Government of India was now considering in consultation with Chambers of Commerce in India, measures to be adopted to prevent the adulteration of Indian products including cotton. Mr. Chadwick was undertaking similar enquiries in London. The Government of India had hitherto held the view that special legislation would be extremely difficult to carry into effect and would seriously hamper trade and prove ineffectual as a practical remedy. While keeping an open mind on the subject, Government of India considered that the proper agency for dealing with these abuses was the trade itself by arrangement between exporters and buyers that the latter should insist on freedom from adulteration or by an establishment under control of the Chambers of Commerce of some system under which the purity of all products would be certified before export.

SIR GEORGE CAVE ON HOLLAND'S FORTITUDE.

APPRECIATION OF KINDNESS TO BRITISH WAR PRISONERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 1.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

AMSTERDAM.—Sir George Cave in an interview said: "I have always been an admirer of Holland and am impressed by the fortitude with which the Dutch nation is bearing the necessary war hardships. Great courtesy and hospitality have been accorded to us. I am delighted to hear the Netherlands speak so well of the conduct of the British soldiers who are guests of Holland. I hope the action of the Netherlands in connection with our war prisoners will long form a link in the friendship uniting the British and Dutch nations."

LATEST CABLES.

INDEPENDENCE DAY GREETINGS.

LIBERTY FOR ALL PEOPLES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 5.

Field-Marshal Haig has telegraphed to General Pershing on behalf of himself and the British army their warmest greetings on Independence Day when the soldiers of America and Britain for the first time in history stand side by side in defence of the great principle of liberty which is the proudest inheritance and the most cherished possession of their nations. "That liberty which British Americans and French have won for themselves they will not fail to hold for the world."

General Pershing has replied that the firm unity of purpose so strongly binding the great allied nations stands on this 4th of July as a new declaration and a new guarantee that the sacred principles of liberty shall not perish, but shall be extended to all peoples.

A FESTIVAL OF NATIONS.

GREATEST 4TH OF JULY CELEBRATION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 5.

The columns of the newspapers to-day testify to the universality and wholeheartedness with which Fourth of July will be celebrated in Great Britain. As messages printed from prominent Americans agree in saying, "this will be the greatest Fourth of July in American history."

Indeed telegrams from, Entente countries and their adherents including South American Republics, show that the day is recognised as a festival of nations battling against tyranny.

English newspapers emphasize the special significance of the celebration in Great Britain which is now proclaiming wholehearted admiration for the country that won the victory for the ideal hundred and forty years ago, and is now throwing its whole might into a struggle for asserting the great ideals to-day. There is no more striking contrast in history than the fact that the democratic George V. attends the exhibition of America's national game by soldier descendants of Americans who drew the sword against George III. Tributes are paid to the military marvels accomplished by American energy as proving the decisive defeat of submarinism and explaining the fear which forbids the German Government to draw the attention of the German people to greatest event in modern times by even mentioning the entry of America into the world struggle which will decide the future of civilisation.

BOLSHEVIK BETRAYAL OF CZECHO-SLOVAKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 5.

A telegram to the "Daily Chronicle" from Stockholm says that Bolsheviks have accepted the German demand for the disarmament and surender of Czecho Slovaks.

UNION OF SIBERIAN GOVERNMENTS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 5.

A "Daily Express" message from Stockholm says: The two Siberian Governments, Eastern (with capital at Harbin) and Western (with capital at Omsk), have united and have chosen Tomsk as the new capital. Their main military force consists of Czecho Slovaks besides several corps of volunteers and officers. The whole movement is directed by Kerensky from outside.

NEW SPANISH ESPIONAGE LAW.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 5.

MADRID.—The Senate has unanimously passed an Espionage Bill empowering the government to enforce respect for Spanish neutrality. It provides for imprisonment and fines for communicating to a foreign power information prejudicing the interests of Spain or another foreign power, and authorises strict government censorship over all written and printed matter.

HAMEL CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, 12-35 p.m. July 4.
Recd. 1 a.m. July 5.

In this afternoon's communiqué Field-Marshal Haig says: We carried out a successful operation this morning between Villers Bretonneux and the Somme. We captured the village of Hamel and advanced our line to an average depth of two thousand yards

Hostile artillery was active in Robecq and Stjanscappel sectors.

EQUIPMENT OF U. S. ARMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 1 a.m. July 5.

WASHINGTON.—Mr. Baker in a statement in the House of Representatives said there were now 160,400 officers and 2,010,000 men with the colours as compared with 9.524 officers and 202,510 men in the Regulars and National Guard fourteen months ago. Sufficient rifles were being received to equip a division every three days. Over 1,300,000 rifles had been delivered to 1st June.

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TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIUM.

CORPORATION'S GRANT.

63½ DEGREE RULE AGAIN.

At a meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, held on Thursday under the presidency of Mr. Rahimtulla Currimbhoy, it was resolved to make a grant to the King George V. Anti-Tuberculosis League. The Corporation had a long discussion on the question of keeping small plots of ground as open spaces whenever possible. There was also a discussion on the question of the 63½ degree rule for houses, and the discussion had not been concluded when the Corporation adjourned.

The Corporation considered the report of the Medical Relief Committee regarding the application of the King George V. Anti-Tuberculosis League for a contribution towards the cost of establishing and maintaining a Sanatorium and Hospital for tuberculosis cases. The Committee in the course of their report stated:

"The useful work done by the League is well-known to the Corporation. Thanks to the generous donation of rupees two lakhs from the Western India Turf Club, the League has been enabled to acquire a large and isolated property admeasuring over 11,393 square yards called the "Ainba Mahal" at Bhoiwada Hill, Parel, for the purposes of a Sanatorium and Hospital. It is proposed to start the institution with 50 beds and to organize it as a model institution for the treatment of early cases of tuberculosis, for isolation of advanced cases, open air treatment, and open air school for tubercular children. Its equipment and maintenance charges, it is anticipated, will be heavy, in addition to those incidental to the structural and other alterations to adapt the buildings for the requirements. Government have expressed their willingness to give a non-recurring grant of Rs. 25,000 towards the construction of the buildings and to increase the present recurring contribution to the League from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 15,000 if the Bombay Municipality will, likewise, give equal amounts towards the establishment and maintenance of the Sanatorium. The Executive Committee of the League now request that a grant of Rs. 25,000 be made towards the cost of organising and equipping the proposed Sanatorium and Hospital and a yearly recurring grant of Rs. 10,000 for their maintenance in addition to the grant of Rs. 10,000 made to the League every year. The Committee have much pleasure in recommending the Corporation to assist the League in the manner proposed. They are, however, of opinion that the grants should be made subject to the understanding that four representatives of the Corporation would be appointed members of the Executive Committee of the League."

Dr. K. E. Dadachanji moved that the Committee's report be approved and adopted, subject to the addition of the words "by the Corporation" at the end of the report.

THE AMENDMENTS.

Dr. N. H. Sukhia moved an amendment approving and adopting the report subject to the modification that the additional annual grant to be made to the League should be the same as that proposed to be given by Government viz., Rs. 5,000.

Mr. Maganlal D. Khakhar seconded the amendment.

Mr. H. P. Mody moved as an amendment that the additional grant of Rs. 10,000 to be made to the League for the maintenance of the proposed Sanatorium and Hospital should be a grant for the year only.

Dr. D. B. P. Master said the Corporation should make a grant of the full amount recommended by the Committee, as the League was doing very useful work for the benefit of the city.

Dr. S. S. Batliwala was also in favour of making the grant as recommended by the Committee. He said the Corporation were going to have their representatives on the executive committee of the League.

Mr. J. B. Petit was in favour of the amendment.

HON. SIR DINSHAW WACHA'S WARNING.

The Hon. Sir Dinshaw Wacha warned the Corporation against taking over such liabilities without looking to the condition of Municipal finances. He asked if they were going to subscribe to the funds of any and every institution that asked for their help. He added that in this matter Government was partly shifting on to the Municipality its own responsibility to provide for tuberculosis cases. He asked the Corporation not to submit to any kind of influence that might be brought to bear on them, and he disapproved of exalted people attempting to exert such influence. It would be a great mistake to take over such burdens without considering their other obligations to the city.

Mr. Monie, the Commissioner, said the League had been doing very good work and the Corporation should make a generous contribution. The Government had rejected its contribution to Rs. 5,000 because it was the duty primarily of the ratepayers of the city to provide for medical

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the junction of Gunbow Street and Raghunath Dadaji Street. The Committee, in the course of their report, stated:

The land now vacant at the junction of Gunbow Street and Raghunath Dadaji Street was formerly occupied by three buildings, which were acquired at a cost of Rs. 31,322-8-0. The whole area acquired measures about 162-66 square yards and the space available after deducting the area falling within the set-back lines is only 52 square yards. The Commissioner is of opinion that this area is neither sufficient nor suitable for a garden. He therefore proposes to add to the street, pending the acquisition of the neighbouring set-backs, only so much of the said vacant land lying within the regular line of the street as will in the meantime affectively improve traffic conditions, and to lease the remaining area measuring about 107 square yards, for a period of three years, renewable thereafter for periods of six months at the option of the Municipality, and to permit a ground floor structure of approved design to be built thereon. The Committee concur in the Commissioner's opinion and recommend that the proposal for leasing a portion of the plot may be approved.

Mr. J. A. Wadia moved the adoption of the Committe's report.

A RECREATION GROUND FOR CHILDREN.

Dr. R. T. Nariman who was of opinion that even small areas, whenever available, should be kept as open spaces for the benefit of people living in crowded localities. He moved as an amendment that the Corporation were of opinion that the plot of land should be kept open as a recreation ground for children.

Dr. Master, seconding the amendment, doubted the soundness of the argument that because they could not have large plots of land as open spaces they should not have smaller areas either, for such a purpose. This plot of land, if it was kept as an open space, would be of very great benefit to the children living in that crowded locality. People living on hills and near the sea perhaps did not care much for such small open spaces but poor people living in crowded localities did appreciate the advantages of such open spaces, however small.

HALF A LOAF BETTER THAN NONE.

Dr. Jehangir Cursetji said half a loaf was better than none and they would not be doing their duty to the city if they threw away an opportunity of having an open space on the score of its being small. Wherever such spaces had been provided they were taken advantage of by the people. The benches they had provided in several parts of the city were taken advantage of by a large number of respectable people.

Mr. R. S. Navalkar hoped the Corporation was not going to adopt the line of policy which the amendment proposed to lay down, namely that wherever open spaces were available they should have them irrespective of all other considerations.

Mr. A. M. Tod said the Corporation were in favour of having open spaces whenever they were likely to prove useful, but he doubted the wisdom of having an open space which was only half the space of the Corporation Hall. He did not think such a small space would be of benefit to the people. As to the benches, which the Corporation had provided in different parts of the city, these benches were occupied mostly by loafers, beggars and lepers. At certain hours the benches on Cuffe Parade and on Wodehouse Bridge were certainly not used by respectable people and they were a nuisance at night.

"TOO SMALL."

The Municipal Commissioner said he had been to the plot of land at the junction of Gunbow Street and Raghunath Dadaji Street several times to see whether it would be any use to keep it as an open space, but he found it too small for the purpose.

Mr. Wadia said everybody was in sympathy with the poor but the fact was that the plot of land was too small.

The amendment was thrown out, and the original proposition carried.

63½ DEGREE RULE.

The Corporation considered the third report of the Committee regarding the amendment of the Municipal Law so as to obtain power for regulating building operations with a view to preventing the formation of insanitary areas. The Committee reported that they had carefully considered the accompanying draft by-law for the application of the 63½ degree rule to new buildings, which had been referred to the Committee by Corporation Resolution No. 6305, dated the 15th January 1917, and recommended that it be adopted. They, were however, of opinion that the by-law should be applied only in cases of new buildings erected on sites previously unbuilt upon.

Dr. Dadachanji, moving the adoption of the report, said this was a very vexed question and they had to settle it in the best public interest.

Mr. S. C. Dhondy seconded the adoption of the report.

A MINUTE FULL OF ANOMALIES.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said Mr. Orr's minute was full of anomalies, and Mr. Orr's arguments could not stand the test of intelligent criticism. He did not think that when the majority, of the Committee agreed to the principle of 63½ degree rule to be applied to land unbuilt upon, they made a demand that the 63½ degree rule was a minimum standard to be applied in Bombay. It had been admitted by Mr. Orr himself that it was an arbitrary standard. He (the speaker) had not been convinced by Mr. Orr's arguments as to the necessity of regarding the 63½ degree as the minimum standard that should be applied in Bombay. Mr. Orr was not a scientific man, nor did he (the speaker) think Mr. Orr professed to be one. It was a question of light and air and it depended upon the atmospheric conditions in different parts of the world. He (the speaker) moved as an amendment that the Corporation were of opinion that the by-law be applied only to such buildings or parts of buildings as were erected on land previously unbuilt upon.

Dr. Sukhia said Mr. Orr had done his duty and there was nothing in his minute which deserved an attack upon him.

The Corporation adjourned.

ALL-INDIA MUSLEM LEAGUE.

THE HON. MR. WAZIR HASAN'S SECRETARYSHIP.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is over six years now that I was called upon following the sudden demise of Moulvi Aziz Mirza to take charge of the office of the Honorary Secretary of the All-India Muslim League in February, 1912. Since then the community has honoured me by unanimously electing me on two consecutive occasions to continue in the post. But considerations of health and my private affairs as well as my professional engagements compelled me about this time last year to submit to the Hon. the Rajah Saheb of Mahmudabad, President of the All-India Muslim League, my resignation, in which I informed him that I proposed to make over charge formally on the 30th August of that year. On the receipt of my letter of resignation, the Hon. President privately addressed a letter thereanent to a number of members of the All-India Muslim League. In this communication with which he forwarded my letter of resignation he asked for their advice and opinion in the matter. The replies that he received were unanimous and emphatic in their demand that I should withdraw my resignation. I yielded.

Now, however, in due course of time my term as Secretary of the All-India Muslim League will expire in December, 1918; and I crave the hospitality of a little space in your esteemed journal to inform my community that I have determined not to seek and accept re-election to this office.

My reason for trespassing on your valuable columns is that the community may be apprised, in good time, of my intention and may have leisure to come to a decision with regard to my successor.—Yours, etc.,

SYED WAZIR HASAN,
Honorary Secretary,
All-India Muslim League.

Lucknow, 2nd July, 1918.

WATER POLO IN BOMBAY.

Y. M. C. A. (5) BEAT VICTORIA WAR HOSPITAL.

A friendly game between the Victoria War Hospital and the Y. M. C. A. took place on Wednesday evening, July 3rd, at the Back Bay Baths. The Victoria teams were without the services of Capt. White, their centre-half, which weakened their team considerably. On the throw in, McClumpher secured the ball for the Y. M. C. A. a back pass to Munro at centre-half, and after some pretty passing, McClumpher secured the ball and netted after one minute's play. The Victoria boys played hard, and Buchnan worked like a trojan at back and fed his forwards well. Goodwin, the Victoria centre-forward, looked dangerous a number of times, but Allsand, the Association keeper, was safe in goal. Before the whistle blew for half time, the Y. M. C. A. had netted the ball on four occasions, but one was disallowed owing to a breach of rules. Half time, Y. M. C. A. 3, Victoria 0.

On the resumption Victoria, defending the shallow end, played a much stronger game, though the Y. M. C. A. forwards kept the goal keeper busy. During this half, McClumpher netted the ball twice for the Y. M. C. A., and from a tussle in front of the Y. M. C. A. goal, Goodwin secured and scored for Victoria.

Result:—
Y. M. C. A. ..... 5 goals.
Victoria War Hospital ..... 1 goal.

The teams lines up as follows:—
Y. M. C. A.:—Allsand, goal; Tyler and Myers, backs; Munro, centre-half; Hayim, McClumpher and Lieut. Preslauer, forwards.

Victoria War Hospital:—Bramham, goal; Jones and Buchnan, backs; Mason, centre-half; Goodwin, Watson and Peck forwards.

Simmons of Victoria officiated as Referee.

CHILDREN OF INDIAN ARMY RECRUITS.

GRANT OF FREE STUDENTSHIPS.

A Press Note issued by the Bombay Government says the question of making enlistment in the combatant branches of the army more attractive has for some time past been engaging the attention of Government, and they have come to the conclusion that an educational concession in favour of the children of those who enlist is likely to be appreciated and to stimulate recruiting. The Governor-in-Council has accordingly been pleased to direct that the children of men who have enlisted in the combatant branches of the army since the outbreak of the war should so long as the men remain in the service be exempt from the payment of fees in primary schools subject to good conduct on the part of the children concerned.

Government trust that there will be no difficulty in inducing the local boards and municipalities concerned to grant the concession in question, at their own cost, to the pupils of the class referred to attending the schools under their control. As regards private schools, the Director of Public Instruction has been informed that the loss entailed on the managers of these schools by the admission of such pupils should be made good by means of special fee-grants.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, July 4.

The disturbance in the bay is still feeble and rain again has been widespread. It has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Submontane United Provinces, Gujarat, Konkan, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and Malabar, and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Bihar, south-east Rajputana, Central India west, in south Central Provinces, Mysore and Madras Deccan. Chief amounts are Tavoy, Moulmein, Kyaukpyu two inches, Diamond Island, Yamethin, Silchar and Jalpaiguri three, Darjeeling and Bareilly one and a half, Kotah, Deesa and Veraval one, Rajkot, four, Surat, Ratnagiri and Mangalore three, Marmagao two, Karwar five and Nizamabad one and a half.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in Rajputana and Gujarat.

POLITICAL DETENUS IN BENGAL.

LORD RONALDSHAY ON ALLEGATIONS OF TORTURE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 3.

A meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council was held to-day the Governor presiding. In opening the proceedings Lord Ronaldshay addressed the Council with reference to the vague rumours about torture and ill-treatment by police of persons restrained under the Defence of India Act and Regulation III of 1818. His Excellency said that though some of the accusations contained in the rumours were definite enough, he found it exhremely difficult to find anyone who was willing or able to sustantiate them. No one could tell him what grounds there were for supposing it to be true or who were responsible for the rumours; and early in the present year Mrs. Besant came forward with certain charges of torture which she submitted to the Government of India. She was not prepared to substantiate them and at first she refused to give the names of those alleged to have been tortured. It was pointed out to her that if any sort of enquiry was to be made into the allegations brought by her it was essential that Government should be told firstly who were the persons alleged to have been ill-treated, and secondly what was the precise nature of the ill-treatment and Mrs. Besant then, while still refusing to maintain the truth of the complaints or to give the name of her informant, whom she vaguely described as a gentleman whose name and address she possessed, put in writing certain specific charges. Disadvantages of having to deal with charges brought in this irresponsible manner must be grevious to everyone and nevertheless since this was the nearest approach to definiteness, which Government had been able to reach, it was decided to hold an investigation and the task of holding an enquiry was undertaken by the Hon. Mr. Stevenson Moore and Sir Benode Chunder Mitter. Mrs. Besant had first stated vaguely that upwards of 100 persons under restraint on an island in the neighbourhood of Chittagong were ill-treated. As a matter of fact the total number of persons who from the first to the last had been under restraint on these islands were 77, the charge was, therefore, besides being vague hopelessly inaccurate. When reduced to something more definite, this charge amounted to complaints of ill-treatment made on behalf of the eleven detenus. All these persons were examined by the investigating committee, who found that so far as they had been able to test the complaints communicated by Mrs. Besant the complaints failed to satisfy the test and the failure was of a kind that justified them in believing the charges unworthy of credence. The committee were satisfied that the charges were all quite unfounded and his Excellency expressed his amazement that there should be a section of people in Bengal who were so credulous as to believe the wild rumours about the police torture. Continuing his Excellency said:—

"Let us have no more of these scurrilous accusations purveyed to Government through the agency of a middleman who refused either to name the source whence they are derived or to accept the responsibility for them. Let those who traduce English and Indian gentlemen serving in the police force take their courage in both hands and come into the open and unless they do so we are entitled to draw our own conclusions as to the cause of excessive modesty which constrains such persons to hide themselves behind the cloak of anonymity."

In conclusion his Excellency said it was deeply to be regretted that the attitude of hostility towards the police on the one hand and scarcely veiled sympathy with the revolutionaries on the other, which had recently characterised a portion of the press and a section of the public, had enormously encouraged the party which looked to anarchy to achieve its ends. He regretted the comparative indifference of a certain section of the press with regard to the anarchical crimes and said that only when these misguided men were made to realise that by their abhorrent method and deeds they were exciting not the sympathy but the strongest condemnation of every newspaper and every public man, then and not till then could they see the danger of anarchy eradicated from the soil.

DEATH OF MR. ALLEN BAKER M. P.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 4.

Mr. Allen Baker, M.P., was taken ill in the House of Commons yesterday evening and died this morning.

M. BRATIANO'S IMPEACHMENT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 5.

A telegram from Bukharest states that, referring to the impeachment of the Bratiano government, the Vice-President in the Chamber said it was prosecuted not because it began war but because it violated the constitution.

"LUDENDORFF MUST ANSWER."

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, July 3.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable says:—

The Washington correspondent of the Exchange Telegram Co., says that according to French cables Kuehlmann in his second speech in the Reichstag on Tuesday declared that Ludendorff should answer for the lack of German success in the war. He derided the military parties and criticised the occupation of Esthonia and Livonia. It is thought possible that the speech will start a conflagration in Germany.

London (undated). The Cracow paper—'Nation's Voice", publishes a secret treaty between Germany and the Bolsheviks, which gives Germany a free hand in dealing with the Poles, while Bolsheviks undertake to support Austrian and German measures.

MR. WELBY'S NEW ROLE

AN APPEAL TO EUROPEANS.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 4.

Mr. T. E. Welby, who has assumed the office of Secretary of the European Association from the 1st July has issued an appeal for an increase of membership of that body. The appeal says:—

It may be that the scheme of reforms about to be published will prove less drastic and less perilous to what the Europeans consider the best interest of the country than was apprehended. It may be that the Europeans will not be called upon to wage quite so vigorous and uncompromising a war against the scheme as some expected. If we have not to fight the scheme at all points we shall be obliged to fight those irreconcilables whose extravagant expectations it cheats. Thus in any case we shall need all the support that we can secure. Aware of what task lies before the community, the European Association has for some time past been busy seting its house in order and those who now join it may feel confident of finding it an active body genuinely representative of the best European opinion and ever improving its political equipment.

LATE JUSTICE SHAHDIN.

REFERENCES IN CHIEF COURT.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, July 4.

Hon'ble Sir Henry Rattigan, Chief and other six judges of the Chief Court sat together in the first bench this morning at 11 a.m. when Hon. Pandit Sheo Narain on behalf of the assembled members of the Chief Court Bar made a feeling reference to the sudden and sad demise of Hon. Justice Shahdin, paying a high tribute to his great learning in law and other subjects and versatile activities. Mr. Petman, Government Advocate, also spoke referring to his observations made in that Court when the bar congratulated the late judge on his acting appointment of Chief Judge.

Sir Henry Rattigan in reply made a feeling reference to the loss sustained by his sudden demise. The deceased, he said was no doubt one of the best and ablest Judges that sat on the bench and his career was still more distinguished than his university career. His Lordship knew him when the deceased started practice after being called to Middle Temple and knew that men of his stamp were bound to come to the front. He was a true son of the soil, a real Punjabee and his loss created a void which it was difficult to fill.

SEQUEL TO LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE

3 CONVICTS RELEASED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, July 4.

The following press communique is issued by the Punjab Government:—Seven students of the Khalsa High School at Ludhiana were convicted in the Lahore Conspiracy Trials of 1915 and 1916. All were sentenced to transportation for life by the Special Tribunals—that being the minimum punishment provided by law for the offence with which they were charged, but in the case of all but one the Tribunals made strong recommendations for mercy. In exercise of its power of clemency and in recognition of splendid proofs of practical loyalty which the Ludhiana district, and especially the large Sikh element has furnished since the outbreak of the war, the Local Government has now released 3 of these youths whose conduct in jail has been good and whose relatives have furnished security for their good behaviour. Of the remaining four, the conduct in jail of two has been persistently bad and in consequence their release cannot be considered at present. Another, who had hitherto behaved well, committed a grave breach of jail discipline at the moment he was about to be released. His release has therefore been deferred. The fourth was a young man, some years older than others, and his offence was therefore more heinous. His case will be reconsidered later.

ALL-INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

Regarding the application filed by Mulk Paj, late Managing Director, Punjab Co-operative Bank in voluntary liquidation, for resumption of business on the ground that all creditors had been paid in full with interest, the Hon. Justice Shadi Lal in the Chief Court directed citation to issue and fixed 26th July for final hearing.

Arrangements are in progress for opening in Georgetown, Madras in the course of this month, the Government Institute of Commerce. It will be the main purpose of the Institute to prepare students for examination of the Bombay Accountancy Diploma Board, but instruction will also be provided in commercial subjects of a lower standard. Success in Bombay diploma examination will be the condition of a student being registered as auditor under the Indian Companies Act of 1913. The hours of work of the Institute will be adjusted to suit persons engaged in office hours and in business pursuits.

The Madras University have appointed Mr. J. B. Raju, an Indian Christian and Professor of Philosophy in the Christian College, as a University lecturer for a series of twenty lectures on the philosophical proofs for the existence of God. The lectures are to be given on successive Saturdays from 10 to 11 a.m. beginning with Saturday the 13th instant. The lectures are intended specially for advanced students but outsiders will be admitted on Mr. Raju's recommendation and the Syndicate's approval. There will be no fee.

ENEMY PRISONERS SERVING BOLSHEVIKS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

AMSTERDAM, July 3.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 5.

The "Cologne Gazette" admits that Austro-German war prisoners are fighting for Bolsheviks against Czecho-Slovaks and says they were forced to do so by hunger.

SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN.

The progressive total of subscriptions to the Second Indian War Loan, as known up to 6-30 p.m., on 4th July, 1918, (excluding subscriptions through Post Office) is as follows:

	Rs.
Bengal	8,69,18,700
Bombay	4,58,91,200
United Provinces	1,27,02,800
Madras	1,19,65,100
Punjab	85,54,600
Minor Administrations	55,80,100
Burma	48,72,700
Central Provinces	22,27,000
Bihar and Orissa	11,71,500
Assam	2,60,300
Total.....Rs.	18,00,84,000

DECLARE YOUR DIVIDENDS IN WAR BONDS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Now that our Joint Stock Companies will shortly be declaring half yearly dividends, may it be suggested that they should pay them in War Bonds and not in cash? By doing so they will be swelling the subscription list for this Presidency by at least two crores of rupees. The Mill Companies can be relied upon for about a crore, while an equal amount, or even more, will be forthcoming from the Iron, Hydro, Mining, Cement, Railway, Banking Companies, etc. Upon the companies this mode of payment of dividends will merely entail the trouble of more complex computation; while to the lucky recipient of 40 or 50 or even 130 per cent. of returns on the face value of scrips in these days, encashment of Bonds, in case of need, will cause very little pecuniary inconvenience. In practice this arrangement will work as follows: A shareholder entitled to, say, Rs. 110 will receive Rs. 100 in Bonds, Rs. 7½ in Post Office Cash Certificate, and the balance in cash. In short, any sum over Rs. 7½ can be paid in Cash Certificates and/or Bonds and/or cash.

Of course this suggestion does not absolve the companies from their duty of subscribing liberally to the War Bonds out of their resources.—Yours, etc.,

S. H. B.

BANGALORE RACES.

SECOND DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, July 4.

Though weather was threatening throughout and slightly raining at times, attendance on the second day was as large on the previous day. It was a day of outsiders. At the conclusion of races Lady Miller presented the Maharaja's cup to the trainer of Maple.

ULSOOR PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. Distance 6 furlongs.

H. H. Maharajah of Mysore's APPLE JUICE, 8-0, J. Rose 1
H. H. Maharajah of Mysore's SATEMS TOKEN, 8-9, J. Flynn 2
Lt.-Col. Cavine and Capt. Sanford's FRIENDSHIP, 8-7, Melsom 3

Also Ran:—Berinthia 9-12, Jennie Cree 8-1, Garibaldi 7-7.

Betting:—6 to 4 against Berinthia, 5 to 4, against Token, 6 to 1, against Friendship, 10 to 1, against Jennie Cree, Apple Juice and Garibaldi. Won by two and a half lengths, three lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 27 2/5 secs.

The Race:—Objection was raised against Apple Juice's win by the trainer of Token and the matter is being enquired into and not settled yet.

LEONIDAS PURSE.—Winner Rs. 700, second Rs. 200, and third Rs. 100. Distance 4 furlongs.

J. L. Ainsworth's VANITY BOX, 9-0, J. Rose 1
Messrs. M. Gooculdas and F. M. Gazda's FIREFINCH, 9-1, Huxley 2
Gooculdas' COERSAL, 9-10, Flynn 3

Betting:—4 to 1 against Corsel, 3 to 2 on Firefinch and 3 to 2 against Vanity Box. Won by 6 lengths.

Time:—1 min. 17 1/5 secs.

The Race:—Objection against Apple Juice was that it crossed at the start and stewards after consideration overruled objection.

AGRAM PLATE.—Winner Rs. 700, second Rs. 200, and third Rs. 100. Distance one and a quarter mile.

S. N. Row's MONOPOLY, 9-2, G. M. C. Call 1
Zamindar of Nazurgung's MISS DRAKE, 9-10, Southall 2
Ahmed Saits LORD ROBERTS, 8-2, Purtoo Singh 3

Betting:—2 to 1 against Lord Roberts, 5 to 1 against Miss Drake and 3 to 1 on Monopoly. Won by one and three-fourth lengths, one length between second and third.

Time:—2mins. 18 secs.

H. H. MAHARAJAH OF MYSORE'S CUP.—Rs. 1,000 and Cup value of Rs. 500 to winner, Rs. 300 to second, and Rs. 200 to third horse. Distance one mile.

H. H. Maharajah of Mysore's MAPLE, 9-12, J. Rose 1
Col. J. Desaraj Urs MISS TWISTUM, 6-8, Purtoo Singh 2
J. A. Richardson's SHEILA, 8-12, J. Flynn 3

Betting:—6 to 4 on Maple, 4 to 1 against Sheila, 2 to 1 against Miss Twistum. Won by a neck seven lengths between second and third.

Time:—1min. 45 4/5secs.

ARABIAN PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500, second and third Rs. 100. Distance one and quarter mile.

K. H. Mohamed Ali's SUBBAICCA, 8-5, Baboo 1
Capt. A. A. Robb's KEYNOTE, 7-5, T. Melsom 2
Major G. T. T. Jackson's MAMOODIA, 8-6, J. Rose 3

Also Ran:—Duhallow 9-7, Hellespont 8-5, Silver King 8-7, Grand Master 8-0, Fathi Beg 8-1, Benazir 6-7.

Betting:—10 to 1 against Subbaica, 12 to 1 against Keynote, 6 to 1 against Benazir, 6 to 1 against Fathi Beg 6 to 4 on Duhallow, 7 to 1 against Hellespont, 12 to 1 against Silver King, 6 to 1 against Grand Master and 2 to 1 against Mamoodia. Won by one length, two lengths between second and third.

Time:—2mins. 30 secs.

LAL BAGH PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. Distance 5 furlongs.

J. W. Orr's SECOND SIGHT, 9-12, Flynn... 1
B. C. Chorariars CARLESS, 9-8, Williams... 2
J. P. G. Waden's LADY BUNNY, 9-3, J. Rose 3

Also Ran:—Symptoms 9-8, Hoppner 8-10, Kilhe 7-12, Lord Roberts 7-10.

Betting:—6 to 1 against Lord Roberts, 10 to 1 against Kilhe, 5 to 1 against Hoppner, 6 to 4 on Second Sight, 4 to 1 against Carless, 4 to 1 against Symptoms, 3 to 2 against Lady Bunny. Won by two lengths, one length between second and third.

Time:—1min. 4 4/5secs.

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Dated this 26th day of June 1918.

For JOSEPH CROSFIELD & SONS, LIMITED.

R. LEIGH,

Manager (Bombay Branch).

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BOMBAY.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, July 3.

The Bombay monsoon has given widespread rain in the central parts of the country. Rain has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Central India, Central Provinces, Konkan and Hyderabad, and local in Upper Burma, Assam, south Rajputana, Mysore, Malabar and north Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Bengal and United Provinces.

The chief amounts are:—Moulmein, Diamond Island and Bhamo two inches, Silchar, Jalpaiguri and Udaipur one and a half, Neemuch three, Nowgong one, Saugor, Karwar and Mangalore two, Marmagoa three, Parbhani one and a half.

Forecast:—Extension of rain in Rajputana.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA,
Bombay, 3rd July 1918.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.682 Inches
Temperature of Air	82.7 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.5 "
Dew Point	77.0 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.833 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	9.2 "
Maximum temperature of Air	87.9 "
Minimum do. do.	79.8 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W,ESE,WSW.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	156 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.20 Inch.
Total fall during month	0.48 "
Do. do. year	23.76 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 4th July 1918	0.51 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.	
	July	h.	m.	ft.	in.	July	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Thur	4	m 8	4	26	5	4	m 1	13	16	8
		7	30a	25	8		2	0a	20	9
Fri.	5	m 9	12	27	3	5	m 2	14	16	2
		8	41a	25	7		3	12a	20	4
Sat.	6	m 10	10	28	0	6	m 3	9	15	10
		9	44a	25	9		4	12a	19	9
Sun.	7	m 10	59	28	8	7	m 3	57	15	8
		10	39a	26	11		5	2a	19	2
Mon.	8	m 11	40	29	0	8	m 4	42	15	7
		11	27a	26	5		5	46a	18	7
Tues.	9		0	16a	29	1	9	m 5	24	15	8
							6	26a	18	2
Wed.	10	m 0	10	26	8	10	m 6	3	16	0
		0	49a	28	11		7	2a	17	11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

	Sunrise.	Sunset
July 4 (Thursday)	6h. 6m.	7h. 20m.
" 5 (Friday)	6h. 6m.	7h. 20m.
" 6 (Saturday)	6h. 7m.	7h. 20m.
" 7 (Sunday)	6h. 7m.	7h. 20m.
" 8 (Monday)	6h. 7m.	7h. 20m.
" 9 (Tuesday)	6h. 8m.	7h. 20m.
" 10 (Wednesday)	6h. 8m.	7h. 20m.

Phases of the Moon:—

Last Quarter	1d.	2h. 12.9m.	p.m.
New Moon	8d.	1h. 52.1m.	p.m.
First Quarter	16d.	11h. 54.7m.	a.m.
Full Moon	24d.	2h. 4.8m.	a.m.
Last Quarter	30d.	6h. 43.9m.	p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 4th July, 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear except at Hissar. Humidity is below the average in the submontane districts. Day temperature is in moderate or considerable excess throughout, the highest maximum recorded being 113.4 deg. F. at Lahore where night temperature is also above the average.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is below normal and day temperature is above the average in the west of the division.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been local in Rajputana; Kotah has had 1.18in., Jaipur 0.14in. and Mount Abu 0.48in. Skies are moderately clouded in lower Sind and south-west Rajputana and are clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Day temperature is below normal in south Rajputana and above it in the north of the division where Jacobabad records a maximum of 117.0 deg. F.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Gujarat and local in Kathiawar and Central India West; Surat reports 2.74in. of rain, Ahmedabad 0.87in., Deesa 0.95in., Indore 0.75in., Rajkot 4.40in. and Veraval 0.94. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is below normal in the north of Gujarat and of Central India West; night temperature is in defect in north Gujarat and locally in Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Rain has fallen locally in the southern half of the division, Raipur reporting 0.41in., Nagpur 0.19in. and Amraoti 0.37in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is locally above the average. Day temperature is in defect in the south-western districts.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been general and it has been heavy except locally at Bombay; Karwar reports 4.84in., Mormugao 2.21in., Ratnagiri 3.48in. and Bombay 0.62in. Skies are overcast. Day temperature is slightly below normal in the area of heavy rain.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Belgaum reports 0.80in. of rain, Poona 0.35in., Ahmednagar 0.27in., Malegaon 0.47in., Aurangabad 0.11in., Nizamabad 1.36in. and Hyderabad 0.14in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is above normal in the north of the division. Day temperature is in excess at Poona and in defect at Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar, the Konkan, Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad, and local in Rajputana, Kathiawar, Central India West and the southern half of the Central Provinces. The falls have been heavy in the Konkan and locally in Gujarat and Kathiawar. A very vigorous monsoon is blowing on the west coast and seas are moderate to rough on the Konkan coast. Day temperature continues high in the Punjab and the adjacent districts of the United Provinces, Sind and Rajuptana.

An increase of rain appears probable in the north Konkan and the west of the Central Provinces and a decrease in Rajputana.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m., on THURSDAY, the 4th of July, 1918

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total, 1st June to date	Rainfall. Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (3rd July)	95.9	84.9	39	..	..	..
Jask	98.6	78.1	58	..	..	—0.07
Do. (July)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (July)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	111.8	88.7	54	..	..	—2.85
Rawalpindi	108.5	76.0	43	..	2.59	—0.15
Lahore	113.4	83.0	49	..	1.83	—2.38
Hissar	112.0	88.5	55	..	0.40	—1.78
Ambala	104.9	83.3	64	..	1.96	—3.19
Delhi	101.6	86.3	73	..	1.12	—3 62
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	103.5	81 3	57	..	2.44	—1.06
Mainpuri	102.9	82.5	60	..	1.03	—3.07
Jhansi	97.1	77.8	69	..	1.95	—1.01
Cawnpore	99.4	81.3	78	..	4.10	+0.16
Allahabad	94.2	88.8	71	..	8.63	+2.63
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	116.9	87.0	59	..	0	—0.31
Karachi	89.2	81.8	83	..	0	—1.07
Ajmer	97.0	77.4	54	..	1.72	—1.26
Jalpore	98.5	76.3	65	0.14	0.27	—2.82
Kotah	91.0	75.0	73	1.18	5.12	+1.48
Mount Abu	74.2	64.3	88	0.48	4.26	—3.71
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	77.4	79.3	72	..	0.10	—2.21
Dwarka	90.3	82.0	77	..	0	—3.68
Veraval	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	95.1	74.8	84	0.40	5.52	—0.07
Bhavnagar Para	91.6	78.8	91	0.04	1.92	—3.63
Surat	90.5	79.8	95	2.74	6.62	—4.03
Ahmedabad	86.3	79.9	84	0.87	5 27	—3.36
Deesa	84.1	78.2	77	2.95	3.89	—0.12
Neemuch	87.1	70.0	92	..	9.05	+2.99
Indore	88.1	70.7	86	0.75	5.14	—1 60
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	87.9	75.6	74	..	7.43	—2.29
Saugor	89.2	73.2	87	..	9.91	+0.75
Hoshangabad	90.1	74.8	85	..	5.64	—1.55
Khandwa	88.3	72.4	83	..	6.85	+1.74
Akola	84.4	73.5	78	..	4.82	—3.07
Amraoti	86.8	72.4	88	0.37	9.32	+4 16
Nagpur	89.3	74.0	82	0.19	13.91	+3.77
Chanda	87.7	74.0	85	0.04	12.85	+4.49
Raipur	89.0	74.6	88	0.41	25.76	+15.91
KONKAN—						
Bombay	87.9	79.8	90	0.62	11.76	—10.59
Ratnagiri	78.9	75.1	96	3.48	24.38	—0.43
Marmugao	79.8	..	92	2.21	28.71	—10.58
Karwar	80.3	72.8	93	4.84	30.09	—13.07
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	88.5	73.5	80	0.47	1.82	—3.45
Ahmednagar	89.6	71.5	85	0.27	1.36	—3.72
Poona	89.5	72.8	90	0.35	0.69	—5.03
Sholapur	92.6	74.2	69	..	1.04	—4.33
Bijapur	86.5	71.5	76	..	0.68	—2.40
Belgaum	74.9	65.2	94	0.80	3.30	—6.59
Aurangabad	88.2	72.7	89	0.11	1.51	—4.07
Nizamabad (Indur)	89.6	72.1	88	1.36	4.63	—1.91
Hyderabad	85.5	72.2	76	0.14	2.00	—3.29
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	84 1	73.1	88	2.57	33.33	—10.20
Calicut	80.8	72.7	93	1.02	20.42	—17.84
Cochin	84.5	75.3	80	1.04	17.38	—14.42
Colombo	86.4	77.8	83	0.07	5.13	—8.21
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	85.3	75.2	..	..	3.92	—1.05
Bellary	90.3	73.9	53	..	0.25	—1.89
Cuddapah	93.9	85.1	56	..	1.44	—1.84
Madras	94.8	79.6	60	..	2.16	—0.08
Bangalore	81.8	65.0	78	0.01	1.33	—1.50
Coimbatore	87.8	71.4	54	..	0.13	—1.71
Trichinopoly	92.1	79.2	51	..	2.32	—0.40
Negapatam	96.1	78.5	74	..	1.47	—0.08

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 30 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 4th July, 1918, was 29.781 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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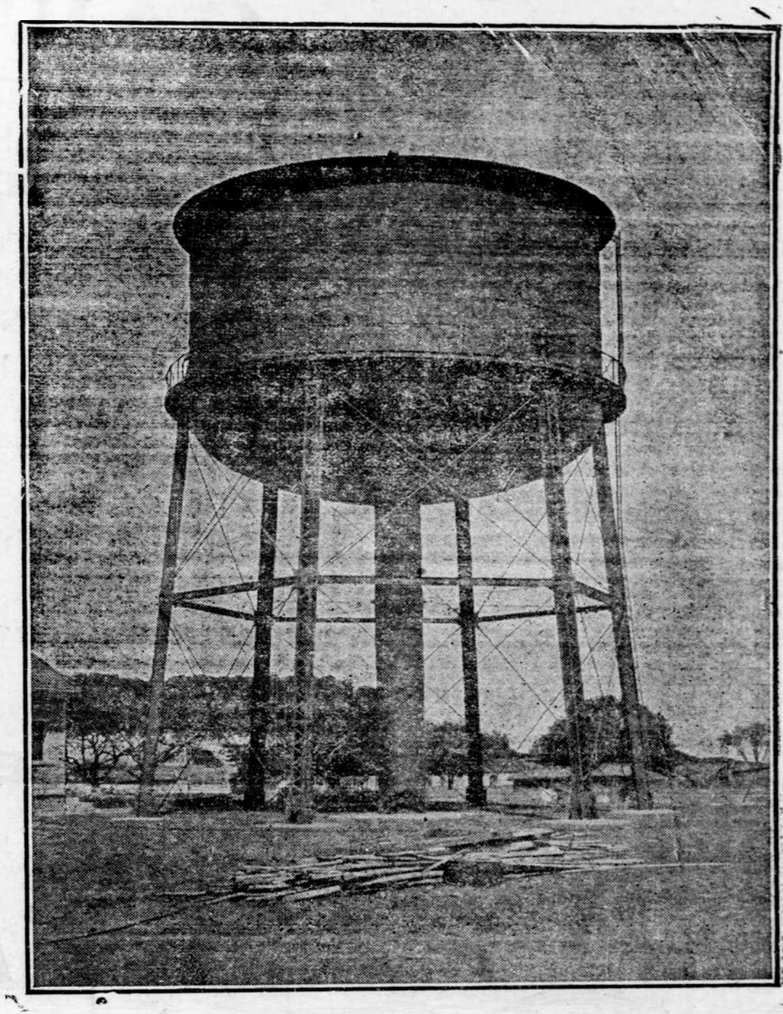

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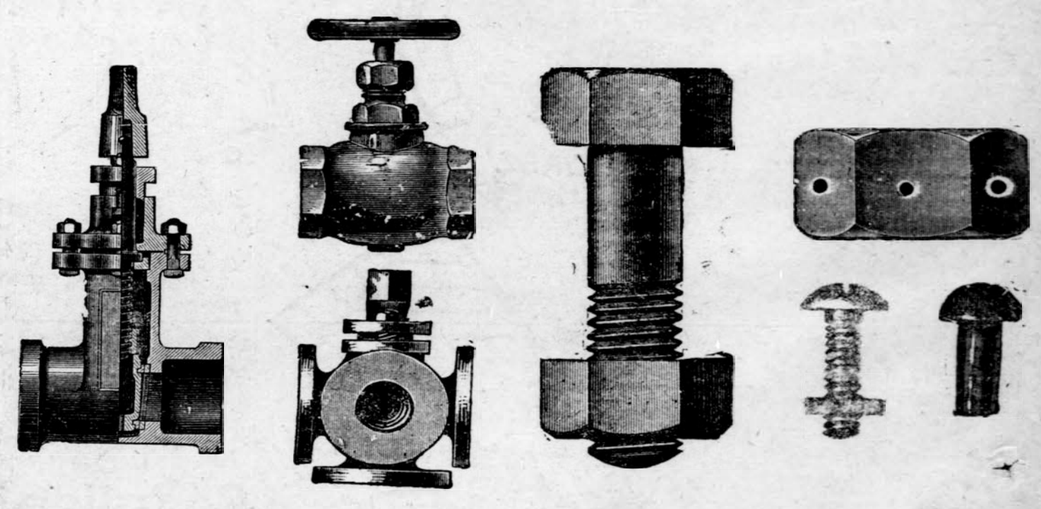

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